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JACK AND THE BARMAID.

A seamy-faced old salt with tiny gold rings in his ears and bushy hair hanging well down over the back of his neck was sitting astride the stringpiece of the Old Slip pier watching a gang of men discharging a cargo of pineapples from a neat little three-masted schooner. It was a busy and, on the whole, a cheerful scene, for the men were not only hard at work hoisting and sorting the fruit, but they were at frequent intervals actively engaged in heading off a half-dozen laughing boys who were bent on getting a good pineapple, in place of the rejected ones to which they were welcome. But the old salt frowned and puffed vigorously at his pipe while he watched the scene, and so attracted the attention of a sifter of rumors, who happened along.

"I say, Jack, you seem to have something unpleasant on your mind," said the sifter, "and that isn't right. How would a change of tobacco do as a medicine, under the circumstance?" and the sifter offered the old salt a cigar.

"Thank'ee, sonny," said Jack, as the crinkles deepened about his eyes and the droop in the corners of his mouth became somewhat less marked. "Thank'ee. I was a trifle under the weather, an' it's all along o' seein' them 'ere pineapples. Never heered of a ship o' that name, did ye, sonny?"

"What, Pineapple? No."

"That's what I thought. It was afore your time by nigh hard to 20 year that the gallusest packets atwixt Liverpool an' New York was in the tropical line, which they all had names like Pineapple an' Lemon an' Orange an' Banana. Huh! In them days I was jest growin' the first hair on my face an' thinkin' I was some pumpkins for looks, but the way I got the starch took outen me when I shipped into the Pineapple out o' Liverpool so as I could be in the same ship along with a right pretty barmaid as I'd made the acquaintance of some time afore an' what had detarmined to emigrate in hopes of betterin' of herself—huh! Say, sonny, when I think o' that ere v'yage it's more'n I can say rightly whether or not I died an' have been a animated corpse ever since or not. Leastwise, if I didn't die all hands an' the crazy skipper thought I did, an' they buried me in a some'at oncommon fashion, or else this 'ere wonderment o' mine had ended then an' thar."

"It was all along of Dink Sturgess, a bloomin' old crimp, gettin' the job to furnish a crew for the Snowball clipper, what was in the opposition line. I didn't suspect anything when he happens along an' he says: 'I say, Jack, do ye want a ship?' So I says to him in fashionable language:

"'An if I did, do ye fancy I'd let a bloody old thief like yerself draw the advance for me?'

"With that he laughed somethin' boisterous an' give me a wink an' said there was no pullin' the wool over the eyes of a Yankee, an' then he says:

"'Jack,' he says, 'you'll be after comin' to my house yit,' he says, 'so come away an' have a drink.'

"An' there was me that young an' green I must needs go an' have a drink with him. So we had a drop of Scotch an' then he says:

"'Jack, what ship have you signed into?' An' I says: 'Into the Pineapple.' An' he says: 'What ever did ye sign into her for when the Snowball 'il make the passage in 20 days an' give ye a month's pay for it?' An' I says: 'It's none of yer business.'

"With that he laughs most uproarious an' gives me another wink, an' says to the barmaid: 'Another Scotch, my dear,' an' then he says to me, he says:

"'Jack, yer a sorry dog. Don't I know that Nell Blyeston is sweet on ye, Jack? An' don't I know that she's to sail in the Pineapple, Jack? An' I fancy Jack is sweet on Nell an' is layin' his course for to bring to alongside o' Nell when it's his watch below an' she's a-sittin' on the combin' of the main hatch.'

"With that I had to acknowledge that I was sweet on Nell, for I was tickled to hear that she was sweet on me, which I'd had my doubts about, because of the prime attentions the second mate of the Pineapple was a payin' of her. I was a calculatin' that I was as likely a lad as there was in the trade, but I knowed that women was powerful took with rank, and there the second mate had the start of me. I reckon that thief of a crimp knowed about the second mate, too, for he gives me another wink and he says: 'Let's have another to the demoralization of all rivals,' he says, an' when we'd had it we had one to the health of the lass an' another to her brown eyes an' another to somethin' I can't remember an' another an' that's all I know till I found myself afloat on that ere Snowball instead of the Pineapple, an' my mates was a sayin' we'd got away a tide ahead of the opposition, but somethin' had to be wrong on board because the skipper had ordered grog served twice a day with dried apple duff an' soft bread for every dinner.

"I say, sonny, that was gallus grub an' the ruination of all hands—leastwise of me, for I sized him up as a softy when I should ha' known he was crazy, an' so I lay for to make trouble sudden. Why, he was that crazy he hung himself in his cabin before the end of the v'yage; but that's neither here nor there—wait till I tell ye what he did to me.

"You see, sonny, I 'lowed I'd been shanghaied out o' my liberty an' the pursuit o' happiness, which was allus worth fightin' for, an' I done it. I guess you might say there was a misunderstandin' on board the Snowball—and it was me that was adrift. The mate he begin to order me around in a way that hurt my feelin's, and seein' I was a misunderstandin' of the situation I entered into a conversation with him an' the captain, what was close alongside. They wasn't misunderstandin' of me—well, scarcely. I was a-tellin who their parents were, an' the course of my remarks was all plain sailin'. So they knocked seven bells outen me an' stowed me in the lazereet, with jewelry on my wrists that was never made o' the precious metals. I can remember about the jewelry an' the lazereet, but what happened after that for some time is a matter of hearsay.

"You see the next I knowed of my own free will I found myself in such clus quarters as I'd never knowed afore—arms tight to my side with parcellin' to hold 'em an' parcellin' over my face, an' me bobbin' around in somethin'—I couldn't make it out, nohow. So I turned to an' stretched myself, an' things began to rip, an' then I pulled myself clear of what you might call my entwinin' conditions. What d'ye think? When I gets my bearin's rightly I finds I'd been sewed up in old canvas for a dead man, an' then instead of weightin' my heels an' slidin' me overboard they turned me adrift in an old dory what I'd seen a-top of the galley."

"Well, that was tough," said the siter, "You were all alone and adrift in the dory without any food or water or anything, eh?"

"Sonny, you've got it straight as a string when it's stretched."

"I never heard of such a case as that," continued the sifter, "but what does a man think of when he comes to in his burial robe, so to speak, and finds himself drifting like a chip in mid-ocean?"

"Do ye mean to ask what I was thinkin' of?"

"Yes."

"I was a-thinkin' how I'd knock that shanghaiin' son of a sea cook captain galley west the next time I clapped eyes on him, an' I'd ha' done it, too, only he saved himself by suicidin', as I was tellin' you.

"Hows'ever, to go on with the yarn, I was all adrift in a dory an' when I come to take a severe look around I found they'd forgot to take the oars out afore droppin' the dory over, an' one o' them oars with that 'ere windin' sheet I'd had round me sarved elegant for a signal of distress—true for it, sonny, a windin' sheet's the most distressfullest signal I knows on. An' when that 'ere was set I turns in on the bottom of the dory for a good sleep.

"I fancy it was nigh hard to two bells o' the first watch that night when I wakes up an' finds the wind had fell an' the dory was right under the bows of a Yankee clipper what was soakin' along with steerage way on an' no more, an' the lookouts of her had their backs agin the rails an' there was voices aboard as was indicatin' the presence o' ladies what was enjoyin' of themselves; likewise so was others.

"With that I turns to with an oar an' sculls the dory to meet her an' takes a turn with the dory's painter around her dolphin strikes an' climbs up to the knightheads, an' what do ye think—I seen it was the bloomin' old Pineapple what I'd shipped into an' was shanghaied out of.

"Lord, sonny, why don't ye ask me what a man thinks of when he's been adrift in a dory an' finds himself climbin' on to the one ship what's on the high seas that he's lookin' for? I'll tell ye, anyhow. I was thinkin' what a lot of fun I'd have with that 'ere second mate if I found him a-shinin' of himself around Nell.

"But sonny, this 'ere is a world o' disappointments, as I've often heered the dominie remark. I climb over the forecastle deck without ever anybody a-payin' any attention to me, so I walks aft, like I was one o' the crew, an' keeps my eyes peeled for the water butt, seein' I'd been without a drink for an oncommon time. But jist as I clapped my eyes on it what should I hear but a gurglin' sort of a chuckle what I'd heered many a time afore, an' knowed it was Nell's. I didn't want no drink right then, not much; but afore I could locate that 'ere gurgle rightly, because of the shadder o' the foresail, I heered her a sayin':

"'I say, matie, you forgot to tell whatever become o' that Yankee boy Jack what I was tellin' of ye was so sweet on me he was for givin' me all of his advance from the Pineapple?' an' then I heered that ere measly second mate a replyin':

"'Him? Oh, poor devil, I was lookin' for him afore we hauled outen the dock, an' I see that 'ere Crimp Dink Sturgess, an' he said the kid had got roarin' drunk an' tackled the bobbies most ferocious, so that one o' them in defendin' o' the majesty o' the law thumped him overboard, an' they was a-draggin' o' the dock at that 'ere minute for to find the corpse.'

"Sonny, that 'ere lie was more'n I could stand. I'd located 'em by that time, an', steppin' out o' the shadder where I could see them an' they could see me, I says, very quiet like an' a-holdin' in o' my temper till I was ready to bu'st, I says:

"'Ye're a liar,' I says. 'I may ha' been dead, but I'm resurrected an' able to knock seven bells outen any second mate as ever chawed plug.' I says.

"Hooray!" said the sifter. "That was a lark, sure enough. I don't see why you should be growling about hard luck on the Pineapple after such luck as that."

"Ye don't, hey? I guess ye don't know much about natur' as it be to develop of itself in the bosoms of female women, an' especially barmaids. Why, I was just a-finishin' of the polishin' o' that ere face o' his'n when Nell somehow took it all in that I wasn't no ghost arter all, and with that she gathers a belayin' pin from the pinrail an' lays it on my head like she was usin' a bungstarter, an' tells me she'll l'arn me not to interrupt the polite conversation o' my betters 'less they invited me to first. Um—I never see such a love-sick couple as they was arter that, an' when we'd reached port they was married, an' opened a boardin'-house with money what she'd saved.

"As I was sayin' to ye, sonny, I was a trifle under the weather, an' it's all along o' seein' them 'ere pineapples."—N. Y. Sun.

A Tragedy Averted.

The Maid (tragically)—Puffidious wretch! After me freely expending me chewin' gum penny fer dis blossom you dare ter come inter me precincts wid de flower of a hated rifle.

The Youth (calmly)—Rats! It's de bud yer gimme yestiddy blowin' itself.—N. Y. World.

The Passing Honeymoon.

He—Why, we've got a cricket in the house! Isn't it cheerful?

She—Yes. And so intelligent. Hear him talking about the furniture. How distinctly he says: "Cheap! cheap!"

However, as she had been that day on a visit to her sister, whose husband was getting $18 a week, while her own dear new hubby got but $14, perhaps her discontent was excusable.—Indianapolis Journal.

A NARROW MARGIN.

Story of a Man Who Stood on a Slippery Place and Was Saved.

"Were you ever suspected of murder?" inquired a government official of a reporter.

"Never," responded the reporter, as calmly as if questions of that character were his daily food.

"Well, I was once, and if you have any feelings at all you need never want to be."

The reporter nodded for the official to proceed and the official proceeded.

"When I was about 20 or thereabouts," he said, "I was a hard case. I don't know why, because my family were decent people and had some money; but somehow I flew the track and before I had attained my majority I was a gambler, a drunkard, and generally a tough character, though up to the time of which I am about to tell I had never been in the hands of the law. Living in my neighborhood was a man whom I hadn't much use for, and it was known we were not friends, though we were on speaking terms and had some business relations. Our town was about three miles from the railroad station, and one November evening just about sunset, as I was coming to town afoot, I met him walking to the station.

"He stopped me, much to my surprise, and asked me if I had any money, because if I had he would sell me his watch for almost nothing, as he was going to the city unexpectedly and needed cash. As it happened I had two ten-dollar bills and three fives, which I received from the station agent not an hour before, and as the man's watch was a good gold one I thought I had a chance to turn an honest penny—something I didn't do very often. So I opened negotiations. Several persons we knew passed us as we were dickering, and at last I went on home with the watch and he went to the station with $25, including a $10 bill with the station agent's name on it, in red ink, which had caused a part of our delay in the trade, as he didn't want it and I insisted that he take it.

"As it turned out he had a reason for not wanting it and I can't say why I was so anxious for him to take it. Well, next day the man's dead body was found in the woods quite near the station, and a mile from where we had met and made our trade, and it was evident that he had been robbed, for his pockets were turned inside out and everything taken. My connection with the matter did not strike me until the day after, and I was arrested on suspicion. I was so badly rattled by the shock of an arrest on such a charge that I made my case worse by talking, and when the man's watch was found on me and it was known that I had been treating the crowd the night of the murder, I hadn't any show at all.

"Of course I protested my innocence and told my story, but people took it with little grace, for my character was known, and after an examining trial I was jailed without bail. What I suffered nobody except myself can know, and before a week had passed I had made up my mind to commit suicide and end the whole thing. I am sure I would have done so, but providence had something else in store for me, and sent it by a stranger. This man was arrested as drunk and disorderly ten days after my arrest, and when he was searched in the station house a $10 bill was found on him bearing the station agent's name.

"The officer who searched him was a friend of mine, and as soon as he got his hands on the bill he thought he had found a way out of my difficulties, and went after my lawyer. Then they saw the station agent, and he identified the bill as the only one he had ever put his name on, and remembered that I had jokingly asked him what to do to make it good. The next move was to make a few inquiries of the stranger as to how he came into possession of the money. This was done by waiting until next morning when he was sober, and charging him directly with the murder. It was so sudden that he weakened on the spot, as most murderers will, and the result was that I was saved. Saved in more senses than one, too," concluded the official, "for from that day I lived a new life, and thank God I have never fallen into evil ways since, and that was 30 years ago."

"How do you explain the notion to have the station agent's signature on the bill and your insisting on the man taking it?" inquired the writer.

"God moves in a mysterious way His wonders to perform," was the reverent reply.

"And the man who did not want to take the marked bill?"

"He was running away from justice. He had spent every dollar of a fund belonging to an orphan and had been called to an accounting."—Washington Star.

NEWSY TIT-BITS.

The Louisiana legislature has passed a bill to license poolrooms at $1,000 a year.

Old English names are frequent enough in Winthrop, Me., so that on three stores side by side appear Ingham, Oldham, and Dillingham. The countrymen crack jokes because there isn't a ham in either store.

Summer residents took dynamite to the top of Mount Megunticook and blew a 20-ton bowlder from its place on a cliff, that they might watch the spectacle of its descent of 500 feet to the plain. Maine people do not like it.

Unscrewing the cover from an old, locked melodeon, that the instrument might aid the choir at the funeral of a childless New England widow who died recently, the descendant's relatives came upon $12,000 in United States bonds stowed away inside.

An immortal cat has for a long time annoyed Mr. B. F. Feeley, of Tremont, N. Y. It has been in his family for two years, and he has tried various ways to close its career. His last plan was by tying a brick to its back and dropping it in the Harlem. That same night it walked home, handicapped with the same brick.

A matrimonial advertisement, emanating from a self-styled young widow in Austin, Tex., caught the attention of a silly gentleman in New Orleans. Correspondence followed, pictures were exchanged, and he agreed to marry her. He sent $50 to her to pay her expenses to New Orleans. Since then he has not heard of her or his money.

PLANTS AT NIAGARA.

Studies of a Botanist Around the Great Cataract.

Many Varieties of Flowers Are Found in the Scant Soil of the Rocky Region—The Hand of Man Not Necessary.

Nature never fails to give us her overtones when she plays her great symphonies, any more than do the great composers. We cannot fail to catch the softening and mellowing thus lent to the musical strain, for hearing is involuntary, but we must so often be taught to see what is right before us, and our teachers are so few, that we not infrequently miss all but the most dazzling part of the outdoor picture. The devotee of field science is never more aware of this than on visiting Niagara Falls. Standing a fortnight ago on Prospect Point, perhaps the most striking scenic spot in the world, I leaned over the edge of the sheer and partly overhanging wall and looked down, not at the great sheet of water, but at the rocks that continue the gorge northward.

There is often scarcely a handful of soil to the square foot, and sometimes apparently none at all on the face of the great precipice, yet it is clothed with wild plants almost from top to bottom. So hidden are they by the perpendicular wall and the artificial coping above it that many of them are hard to make out, but new discoveries are made at every change of position. The columbine, Aquilegia Canadensis, loves the spot so well that its bright red blossoms appear sometimes after they have disappeared from gardens. The plant is the most venturesome and hardy of any there, and appears in a rock crevice where nothing else but the bare wall is seen. It is difficult to understand how it subsists or even clings to the wall, but it is content and holds out no hands for sustenance except to the humid air. One or two wild roses are there, and the wild gooseberry sends up sturdy stems near the top of the wall. A Spiraea, probably tomentosa, is at home, and golden rods, Rhus toxicodendron and probably Rhus ralicans, as it is everywhere about the falls, and Ampelopsis quinquefolia. Creepers are rampant, hardly less so than in the woods on Goat island, where the wild grape attains great size and runs freely over the tops of quite tall trees. The wild grape on the edge of the gorge was just setting its crop and showed a luxuriance of bunches that would charm a vineyardist. Bittersweet and Solanum Dulcamara are also there. These vines do not venture far down the wall, as they need soil, but they are in the spirit of the place, and are seen rising from its base and sometimes making their way far up the moist surface, while the Aquilegia and some smaller greenery that it is hard to make out in the distance crop out of every seam and ridge and terrace from base to summit.

It is this acceptance of the wild spirit of Niagara that makes its flora so acceptable. The soil is naturally thin and sterile, so that the effort to turn the river bank on the mainland into a cultivated park is so far indifferently successful, and the ambitious evergreens that were planted on Bath island are all gone. But this makes no difference with the wild plants; they flourish everywhere and are as indifferent to the soil as any but actual air plants can be.

The wildest of our native plants do not yield naturally to cultivation, because they demand atmospheric conditions that cannot be transplanted with them. The result is that they linger awhile out of their native element and then disappear. Let Niagara pretty generally alone and it will never want for flora that is appropriate to it. There is very doubtful need of the forest tree nursery that is made to disfigure a part of Goat island, or the thicket of snowberry, Symphoricarpus racemosus, that begins to shut in the drive from Bath island.—Garden and Forest.

Butter Produces Fat.

Many physicians, according to a lecturer on dietetics, are ordering thin bread and batter for delicate paitents, especially those suffering from dyspepsia, consumption and anaemia, or any who need to take flesh. This thin bread and butter insensibly induces persons to eat much more butter than they have any idea of. It is extraordinary, says the lecturer, how short a way a fresh pat of butter will go if spread on a number of thin slices of bread. This is one advantage, and a great one in the feeding of invalids, for they are thereby provided with an excellent form of the fat which is so essential for their nutrition in a way that lures them to take it without rebellion. But the thin bread and butter has another advantage equally as great—it is very digestible and easily assimilated. Fresh butter made from cream is very much more digestible when spread upon thin slices of bread than the same amount of cream eaten as cream per se would be.—Chicago Chronicle.

A New Surgical Instrument.

An instrument which, as the name denotes, is intended for the arrest of bleeding in surgical operations, has been perfected by Lawson Tait, of London. A platinum wire, arranged to carry a current of electricity, is inclosed in the blades of a pair of steel forceps or any other requisite instrument, the wire being insulated by a bed of burnt pipe clay. A current of suitable voltage is turned on, the artery seized and compressed and in a few seconds the tissues and arterial walls are so agglutinated that the passage of blood is rendered impossible. The temperature employed is about 180 degrees Fahrenheit, so that it will be seen that the principle is fundamentally different from that of electrical cauterizing instruments. It is stated that by Mr. Tait's instrument the necessity of a ligature is removed, and a new and completely effective method is placed in the hands of the surgeon for the treatment of surface oozing.

Racing Pigeons in Belgium.

Belgium is the home of the racing pigeon. There the sport is a national pastime, and a good pigeon frequently wins for its owner large sums of money, the prizes being considerable, to which heavy pools are added.

NICHOLAS II.'S OBJECT LESSON.

He Rides on a Street Car to Show His Officers That It Isn't a Disgrace.

Nicholas II. of Russia has had some trouble in bending the stiff-necked military etiquette of St. Petersburg regiments to suit his rather liberal ideas. He is not popular with the army, as were the three Alexanders, despite his gifts of reading-rooms and dining-halls to crack regiments, and therefore the innovations he recommends are introduced very slowly. Ever since he ascended the throne, for instance, he has been trying to discredit the notion that an army officer may not ride with propriety in a common street car. The army officer in St. Petersburg has long been supposed to be too rich and powerful and too far superior to civilians to associate with the ordinary street-car crowd.

One of the few untitled officers in the Russian capital ventured a few weeks ago to ride in a street car to his barracks. It was a presumptuous and courageous act for he had to alight before the crack cavalrymen's casino of the city. It proved to be a very indiscreet act, too, for his fellow officers at once took him to task for disgracing his uniform, refused to listen to the citations of the czar's remarks on the subject, and eventually, after days of persecution, began urging on him the propriety of resigning his commission. In his distress the persecuted officer turned to a friend in the ministry of war, who brought the whole affair to the czar's notice. It was four o'clock in the afternoon when Nicholas heard the story. He at once put on a dark suit, ordered his adjutant to do the same, and together they went to the spot where the persecuted officer had taken a car. They boarded a car, rode on it to the barracks, alighted, boarded a returning car, and went back to the palace. The czar wrote out a brief account of his little trip, and added to it the inquiry:

"Am I still worthy to wear the uniform of a Russian officer?"

He signed the document "Nicholas" and sent it to the colonel of the persecuted officer's regiment. Since then there has been peace at the officers' quarters of that regiment, and the man who rode on a horse car has been treated with the deference belonging to one who pulls wires at court.

Perhaps Nicholas got his idea of an object lesson in this case from Emperor Francis Joseph of Austria. The emperor heard several years ago that his officers in Vienna were agitated over the question of the propriety of riding in omnibuses. He remarked impatiently that this was a weighty subject for large brains and should be settled before anybody's mind broke down under it. He then put on full uniform, took with him an adjutant in full uniform, and had an omnibus ride. The ride was reported in the newspapers and the question of propriety was settled.—N. Y. Sun.

THE USEFUL PETTICOAT.

Alpaca and Sateen Are the Materials Now Used.

Nowadays we seem to hear more of petticoats than in the days gone by. Both black and white moreen petticoats in the godet shape are worn to keep the dress skirt flaring, but I cannot advise them on account of the weight. Black, white and colored silk petticoats are of plain, striped and figured taffeta; they are usually three yards wide, though the extreme ones are over four, well ruffled, and finished with a velveteen binding. Alpaca and sateen are also made up with ruffles of the same or of silk, but sateen is apt to cling so unpleasantly that the moired percaline is preferred. This is sufficiently stiff to stand out, is light in weight and has the soft rustle of silk. The transparent summer gowns are usually worn over a petticoat and corset-cover of white or colored percaline or sateen, as taffeta silk is too expensive for general wear. French dressmakers make princesse slips of white for such purposes. The cheapest petticoats are those of striped seersucker. Luster wool of a wiry nature makes a serviceable petticoat for traveling and outing, as it shakes the dust and will not crush. White muslin and cambric petticoats are only worn in the house with thin summer gowns, so they are very dainty with their trimmings of lace and embroidery. Some of these are five yards wide and ruffled to the knees, with the faintest bit of starch, as a white skirt must not rustle, though one of silk or percaline should have this faint sound. — Ladies' Home Journal.

Combining Colors.

Black combines well with almost all colors, except those which are so lacking in brightness as to be too nearly like it. Black and pale pink, blue, yellow, green, red, lavender and even rather dark shades of blue, clear brown and green are excellent combinations. Brown combines well with yellow, gold and bronze if it is the shade of brown which has brightness. It is effective also with black and with certain tones of green. A chocolate-and-milk brown combines well with old rose and the dull shades of pink. Very dark green is effective when brightened by linings of narrow trimming of pale blue. A medium shade of green unites with old pink. Brownish green looks well with bronze and copper color. Dark blue may be brightened by lines of bright, rich red, by lines of old rose or of clear yellow. Blue of the "electric" and "cadet" varieties is best combined with black or with figured silks in which the same shade predominates. — Youth's Companion.

He Was Case Hardened.

The lawyer's fair client sat beside his desk, her dainty handkerchief ready for instant use in her beauteous hand. The fair client sought a divorce.

"He often came home drunk," she said.

The lawyer made a note on a scratch-pad.

"And he beat me with the flat of an ax," the fair client went on. "And he called me names and threw the roast at me, and he stuck a fork in my arm."

Overcome by the memory of her misfortunes, the fair client bowed her head and wept. The lawyer made another note. His face expressed no emotion.

Why was the lawyer unmoved at her grief? Why did her troubles raise no answering throb in his breast?

Ah, gentle reader, the lawyer was case-hardened.—Chicago Tribune.

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.

—Between 1850 and 1890, the mints of the world consumed 9,194 tons of gold and 81,235 tons of silver, the value being £1,227,000,000 of gold and £793,000,000 of silver.

—A mastodon's skull, in a fine state of preservation, was dug up at Buchanan, Mich., near the Indiana boundary, a few days ago. It measured 2½ feet in width and has four perfect teeth. The teeth measure about four inches by six and one-half inches.

—Next year the English church will celebrate the 130th anniversary of the baptism of the first English king by St. Augustine. The dean and chapter of Canterbury still hold land in Essex given by King Ethelbert, of Kent, which has been in their interrupted possession since 597.

—The Hawaiian congress has recently passed an act by which every taxpayer in the islands is compelled to register himself at the tax office, and, in addition to the usual entries according to the Bertilon system of identification, shall leave in the registrar's book the imprint of his right thumb.

—Submarine cables are usually imbedded in the slimy bottom of the ocean but at certain points they hang like wire bridges over deep submarine valleys, so that whales and other large inhabitants of the ocean deep may become dangerous to the cable. Once in awhile it is the cable that becomes dangerous to the whales, as recently shown in an accident to the western Brazilian cable.

—The British medical trust that is conducting a crusade against American practitioners in London, recently brought suit against an American, Dr. Bridgewater, alleging that he had "unlawfully, willfully and falsely represented himself to be a doctor of medicine." As Dr. Bridgewater was shown to be the possessor of degrees from New York and Philadelphia medical colleges of international reputation the trust not only lost its suit, but had to pay cost to an aggregate of nearly $4,000.

—An experiment was recently made in Europe to determine what color in a soldier's uniform is the least conspicuous to an enemy. Of ten men two were dressed in light gray uniform, two in dark gray, two in green, two in dark blue and two in scarlet. All were then ordered to march off, while a group of officers remained watching them. The first to disappear in the landscape was the light gray, and next, surprising as it may seem, the scarlet. Then followed the dark gray, while the dark blue and the green remained visible long after all the others had disappeared.

HAY FEVER REMEDY.

Rubbing the Ears Vigorously Sometimes Brings Relief.

The capriciousness of hay fever and the occasional relief obtained from an entirely empirical method of treatment warrant the publication of any means which has proved successful, in the hope that it may be of use to some other person afflicted with this annoying disease.

Feber, of Hamburg, reports his own case, which has been so severe as to necessitate his using a closed carriage all through the summer. His relief was brought about from accidentally noticing that in the winter a coryza was usually accompanied with hot ears, which regained their normal temperature when the discharge from the nose was established. He determined to try a reversed order of effect on the hay fever in the summer, and began, accordingly, to rub his ears until they became red and hot.

It is now the third year that he has been able to lead an endurable existence during hay fever season. He says:

"As soon as the least sensation of fullness in the nose appears, there is recognized a certain amount of pallor in the ears. A thorough rubbing of the ears, at times even to contusion, has always succeeded in freeing the nasal mucous membrane from its congestion.

"The rubbing, however, must be thorough, and repeated as often as the least symptom of congestion returns to the nose. Since using this means I have been able to take long sandy walks, sit, and even sleep, with open windows, or pass an evening in my garden without distress.

"Several patients have had relief from this treatment, always in proportion to the thoroughness of the rubbing, and I hope by this means some other physician may be able to give his patients the same great relief."—Chicago Tribune.

KANT'S WINDLASSES.

The Singular Demonstration of the German Philosopher.

Kant, the German metaphysician, was a singular being. The English writer Thomas de Quincey made close observation of Kant's personal peculiarities and frequently dwelt upon one of them with intense amusement.

Kant, amongst other studies in the art of taking care of himself, avoided ordinary gaiters. He permitted no ligature to be placed on any part of his body, fearing to hinder in the slightest degree the circulation of the blood.

He found it necessary at the same time to keep up his stockings. Accordingly he had loops attached to them, and outside each hip he wore a contrivance which may be called a box windlass. These affairs somewhat resembled an angler's reel with a spring, which secured the line at any given point.

Behold Kant then expounding his philosophy to a select circle of disciples. Like the famous counsel who could not state his arguments without twisting a bit of twine, Kant worked the windlasses as he talked.

The idea of this grotesque fancy so tickled de Quincey that he often lingered on the odd sight it must have been to observe the master "paying out the cable" or hauling in "the slack" by aid of this curious machinery!—Youth's Companion.

Assured of the Future.

"But, Herbert," she said, "think of the future. You are poor, and you cannot surround me with the luxuries to which I have been accustomed."

"But your father—"

"He would do nothing for us."

"Does he play poker?"

"No."

"Then I'll teach him. Trust in me, darling, and have no fear of the future."—Texas Sifter.

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, CAMBRIA CO., PA.,

FRIDAY. - SEPTEMBER 25, 1896.

Democratic Ticket.

For President,
WILLIAM J. BRYAN,
of Nebraska.

For Vice President,
ARTHUR J. SEWALL,
of Maine.

For Congress,
FRANK J. O'CONNOR, ESQ.,
of Johnstown.

For State Senate,
FRANK P. MARTIN, ESQ.,
of Johnstown.

For Assembly,
THOMAS J. ITELL, ESQ.,
of Johnstown.
C. F. FRAZER,
of Hastings.

For County Treasurer,
JOHN H. WATERS,
of Johnstown.

For Commissioners,
DAVID COSTLOW,
of Johnstown.
THOMAS HOOVER,
of Cambria township.

For Auditors,
JAMES KING,
of Johnstown.
F. E. FARABAUGH,
of Carrolltown.

For Poor House Director
RAPHAEL HITE,
of Carroll township.

SHREWD political observers still claim that McKinley will not get a single electoral vote west of the Mississippi or south of the Ohio river.

A WELL advertised public meeting of the "Sound Money League," of Washington, was attended by just seven people and three of them were newspaper reporters.

THE secretary of the Interior has made a requisition on the treasury department for $10,745,000 for the quarterly payment of pensions at the leading agencies. The Pittsburg agency gets $1,600,000.

WHEN William McKinley spoke at Winchester, Adams county, Ohio, several years ago, he announced himself in favor of free coinage, and in emphasizing his position held up a silver dollar as an object lesson, saying: "This money is good enough for you and good enough for the bondholder?"

ALL that the Republican platform promises the farmer is what he is getting now. The present depressed and distressed condition of affairs is the result of the contraction of the currency, brought about by the single gold standard. The Republican platform says the gold standard must be maintained.

All the bond speculators, trust beneficiaries, Wall street Shylocks, usurers and non producers designate the attempt to fasten the single gold standard upon the American people as patriotism. It was such a case as this, no doubt, Dr. Johnson had in view when he declared: "Patriotism is the last refuge of a scoundrel."

AS A RESULT of a failure on the part of the owners to increase the pay of mining from 18½ cents to 19½ cents per box the coal miners in three mines in St Clair county, Ill., have quit work Abbut 300 men are out and as their action is sanctioned by President O'Connor, of the United Mine Workers, the strike promised to spread to other mines.

MINT DIRECTOR PRESTON at Washington is advised that $2,000,000 in gold has reached San Francisco from Australia and will find its way into the treasury. The gold is in English sovereigns, and as foreign coins are not a legal tender in the United States the gold will be sent to the Unietd States mint at San Francisco to be recoined into United States eagles.

THE demonetization of silver in 1873 reduced the quantity of money and we had a panic and low prices, which lasted for six years; and again in 1893 when we closed our mints against silver we have another panic and low prices which has caused untold poverty and misery to the masses, The restoration of silver to its proper place under the constitution will raise prices and bring back prosperity and happiness to the people. Therefore vote for Bryan and Sewall.

ON Wednesday evening the Democratic congressional conferees for this district met at Johnstown, and after taking four ballots unanimously nominated R. C. McNamara, of Bedford, as our candidate for congress. Each county had a candidate, Cambria's choice being F. J. O'Connor, Esq.; Somerset's conferees voted for Reuben Linton and Blair county's conferees voted for Charles B. Bammgardner. All withdrew in favor of Mr. McNamara, who is a well-known lawyer of Bedford county.

A CIRCULAR of the section of foreign markets, department of agriculture, compares our imports and exports for the past three years. The figures show that we exported of agragricultural products $75,000,000 less in 1895 than in 1894 and $246,000,000 less than in 1892. That shows why we are short of money. the deficit in receipts is mainly due to the shrinkage of prices, the quantities exported remaining about the same. As against this we imported goods in 1895 to the value of $87,000,000 more than 1894.

SO VERY encouraging are the reports of a canvass of New York, that the Democrats intend to make a determined fight to carry the state. They feel confident of success. About five hundred speakers will be put in the field. Every county in the commonwealth will be thoroughly aroused. In the central, northern and western sections of the Empire state the farmers and laboring men, regardless of previous political affiliations, are flocking to the silver standard. There are the best of reasons for believing that New York will be found in the Bryan column in November next.

SUPPOSE that in 1892 a free-silver president and congress had been elected and unlimited coinage at 16 to 1 inauguarted. Then suppose that these things had followed: The industry of the country sandbagged, workingmen thrown ont employment by the million, farmers unable to sell their produce at a profit, bankruptcy hanging over countless thousands, banks everywhere so near the verge of insolvency owing to depreciation in values that to press their debtors would mean ruin to themselves, our bond obligations increased by $262,000,000 to keep gold in the treasury, payment of the public debt stopped, and a deficit in the revenue of $12.000,000 a month piled up—suppose all this under a silver administration, and who would there now be to question that our manifold calamities had been brought upon us by free coinage?

All these disasters have befallen under a gold administration, and why should not the gold standard be changed with them? Present facts are better guides than the vaticinations of prophets of evil. Let the defenders of gold monometallism tell why it is that while their money system has been in existence the country has so suffered.

As the gold men promise the people nothing more cheering than a continuance of this distress-breeding system it is not clear why the people should rise with enthusiasm to vote for another four years of the gold standard and hard times.

THE Republicans tell us, says the Wilkesbarre *Telephone*, it is repudiation to pay the national debt in silver, in the face of the fact that congress passed a resolution on December 6, 1878, declairing that "all bonds of the United States, issued or authorized to be issued under the acts of congress, to provide for the resumption of special payments, etc., are payable, principal and interest, at the option of the government of the United States, in silver dollars, and such payment is not in violation of the public faith, nor in derogation of the right of the public creditor."

That was righteous years ago, before Bryan was ever heard of. William McKinley voted for the resolution and so did Hon. John G. Carlisle, at present secretary of the treasury. And yet, men who demand that the national debt shall be paid in silver or "coin" are denounced as "anarchists," "repudiationists" and "communists."

If it is a crime now, it was a crime then. If it is "repudiation" now, it was "repudiation" then. If it is "anarchy now, it was "anarchy" then. The people are beginning to understand this question, and when they fully understand it, as they will before the day of election, let the speculators and the plutocrats take warning. "They have been weighed in the balance and found wanting."

THE eminent English statistician, Mulhall, in one of his works describing this country gives figures to prove that the United States furnishes one-third of all manufactures in the world; that it does thirty-two per cent of the banking of the world; that it does more than fifty per cent, of the water carrying of the world; that it has more miles of railroads than all other conntries combined: that in agricultural products it is equal to Austria, Germany, Great Britain, France and Italy combined; and that in general power, resources and facilities it is equal to France, Great Britain and Germany combined." Besides we have 73 millions of the most intelligent people on earth. And yet our timid friends, called gold bugs, dare not restore our old free coinage without the consent of old mother England, whom we whipped twice while yet in our swaddling clothes.

THE following is from the Pennsylvania Republican platform adopted at Harrisburg, September 5th, 1887:

"Resolved, That the long and successful existence, under the laws of congress, of the gold and silver standard, warrants us in demanding the early repeal of the legislation which demonetized silver, and established an almost exclusive gold standard; and we therefore favor a return of the free and unrestricted coinage of the dollar of 1798 and its restoration to the position it held as a legal tender during the 80 years of our national existence, thus preserving the equality of the commercial value of the stiver dollar with the gold dollar, keeping both in circulation."

"BRYAN cannot possibly fail to carry the election," said Wharton Baker, of Philadelphia. "He is sure of the vote of all the Southern states, whose total in the electorial college is 142, and the states west of the Mississippi have 61. He will get the 61 without exception. This will foot up 203 out of 447—only 21 short of a majority. In addition there are Minnesota, Iowa and Michigan—a total of 33, which, when added to the South and West will give a total of 236, or nine more than a majority."

"There is every indication." he added, "that Bryan will carry Ohio, Indiana and Illinois. This will foot up another total of 62 votes, or a grand total of 298."

DURING a fight in the Republican county convention at Salt Lake, Utah, on Saturday, over a committee report, ardent silver men jumped onto the platform, and, seizing a large portrait of Major McKinley which adorned the chairman's lable, proceeded to tear it to pieces. The McKinley followers rushed to the rescue of the picture and a free fight followed which the sergeants-at-arms were powerless to stop. Finally some of the ring leaders were ejected from the hall and peace was restored.

IT is something of a spectacle to see the eminent sound money Democrats of this state joining hands with Quay to elect a Republican president. Yet it isn't the first time a number of them have consorted with Quay.

Washington Letter.

Washington, Sep., 13, 1896 —Several important Democratic conferences were held in Washington and vicinity during the present week, and the precautions taken to keep the subjects talked about at these conferenees out of the newspapers have been successful Among those taking part in these conferences were Senator Jones, chairman of the Democratic national committee; Senator Faulkner, chairman of the congressional committee; Senator Butler, chairman of the populist committee, and Senators Gorman, Teller and Dubois, and National Committman Scott, of the Democratic advisory committee. It is enough for those who desire the election of Bryan and the triumph of silver to know that the object of these conferences was to add to the certainty of that result, and that they were in every way satisfactory to those who participated in them. More could not be told without a violation of confidence, and without furnishing information which might enable the McKinley crowd to throw obstacles in the way of certain plans. Suffice it to say that every man who participated in these conferences is certain that Bryan will be elected.

Democrats are unsparing in their criticism of Secretary Carlisle, who, by the way, is going to take the stump in Kentucky for Palmer & Buckner, for having written a letter saying in effect that he would redeem silver dollars in gold, if the demand was made. Sena- Faulkner declares this to be an invitation to the money sharks to raid the gold reserve of the treasury and force the issue of more bonds, and expresses the opinion that it will be worth thousands of votes to Bryan and silver, by convincing people of the intention of the gold men to go still further than they have yet gone towards turning our financial interests over to half a dozen bankers in Europe and New York. He says this "emphasizes the necessity as well as the duty of those who believe in American financial independence to support the American policy represented by the Democratic ticket."

Hon. E. P. Baldwin, auditor of the treasury, continues to make Bryan speeches just as though he had never heard anything about President Cleveland's intention to remove every officeholder who takes the stump for Bryan. Mr. Baldwin made a speech before the East Washington Democratic Club this week especially devoted to the financial question. After st ting n detail how the money power had dictated the financial legislation of the country until present unsatisfactory conditions had been reached, and placing the fault for the present system upon the Republicans Mr. Bladwin said: "How does McKinley propose to stop the sale of bonds if he is elected? He can't get gold in any other way than Mr. Cleveland did, by the sale of bonds. This administration had to sell bonds to keep the reserve intact, and had to do so a second and a third time. How will this condition be remedied by McKinley? It was either issue bonds or pay silver, and if the latter had been done the bankers would have cried repudiation. Bonds had to be sold from $1.04 to $1.17, the financiers making this great profit, and this state of things would continue under Mr. McKinley. If Mr. Bryan is elected a Democratic house will be elected. We have the senate, and a bill will be passed which Mr. Bryan will sign and the law will be enforced and these hard times will disappear."

A well advertised public meeting of the "Sound Money League," of Washington, was attended by just seven people and three of them were newspaper reporters.

Representative McMillin, of Tennessee, who has come off the stump long enough to finish preparing the Democratic campaign book says of the present situation: "From he beginning of the fight those well posted have known that the Republicans had everything east of New York; that the Democracy had everything south of the Potomac and Ohio rivers, and everything west of the states of the eastern portion of the Mississippi valley that the entire Maine election or the Vermont election have been insufficient to make even McKinley and Hanna feel secure. The Democratic party, with all the handicaps that have been placed upon it, is in a better position to win a victory to-day than it has been at this stage of the campaign in any contest in the last twenty years. We are going to win this fight. Maine and Vermont prove that the Republicans were correct in their estimate of New England, just as Arkansas and Alabama proved that the Democrats were correct in their estimates as to the situation in the South and West."

Capt. D. F. Allen, a member of the state board of tax commissioners of Indiana says of his state: "I think that Indiana is almost certain to give its electoral votes to Bryan. There is no weakening on the part of his adherents out our way; on the contrary, the cause is gaining force all the time. If a vote were taken now he would win by 35,000 majority, and there is every reason to think he will defeat McKinley by those figures, or even more. The farmer vote is for silver and no argument or persuasion of the gold crowd can change the minds of the men who feed the nation."

M.

Man and Wife Acquitted of Murder.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., September 18.—Edward Younitz and his wife Catharine were acquitted of murder in court yesterday. The tragedy took place at Lattimer last May. Angelo Dangellillo was found murdered in Younitz's house. Mrs. Younitz at once gave herself up as the murderess. She claimed that Dangellillo had attempted to assault her while she slept, and she shot him down. the woman was committed to jail, where she remained until yesterday, when she took the witness stand in court she told a different story. She said she was innocent; that she made the sacrifice for her brother. who is now in Europe. It was the brother, she said, who fired the fatal shot when the murdered man attempted to enter her room. She thought he would be hanged, so she concluded to shoulder the crime on herself. After hearing the testimony of several witnesses Judge Lynch ordered the jury to acquit her and her husband,

A Deserter Who Drew a Pension.

Allegheny City, Pa., September 20.—Pension Examiner J. S. Patterson will bring charges against Samuel Davis, of West Market street, for receiving a pension under false pretense. Davis was engaged to marry Mrs. Van Lear, of Preble avenue, and the marriage license was procured.

The bride to-be is the widow of a veteran of the late war, and since his death has been trying to get a pension. When told that she could not get a pension if she married again she refused to wed Davis. The latter became disorderly and was arrested. Mrs. Van Lear then said Davis was a deserter from the army. Davis is a veteran of the rebellion, and has been receiving a pension. After the war he enlisted in the marine corps stationed at Philadelphia, and deserted in 1870.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

A Tourist in Hard Luck.

Berne, Switzerland, September 21,—A mistake on the part of the Swiss detectives has caused great annoyance to Mr George F. Curtis of Washington, an assistant librarian of the American Congress. When Mr. Curtis arrived at Griddelwald he was pounced upon by detectives who mistook him for a criminal from Montevideo, for whom they were searching. Mr. Curtis was locked up in spite of his energetic protests, but later the production of his passport and other documents convinced the police that they had made an error He was therefore released, and profuse apologies were made to him for the unfortunate mistake.

Mr. Curtis then went to Geneva, where the police made the same mistake as to his identity, and he was again locked up. It was impossible for him to convince the authorities of Geneva that he was not a criminal, and finally he was compelled to telegraph to Mr John L. Peak, the American Minister at Berne, telling him of his predicament Mr. Peak at once laid the matter before the government, with the result that the release of Mr. Curtis was immediately ordered.

Fell Into Sulphuric Acid.

Woodbridge, N. J., September 21.—"Kill me! Kill me! Put me out of this misery!" This is the agonizing cry of Anton Dusback, who up to yesterday was employed in the Guggenheime Smelting Works, near this place.

Dusback was working near a tank of sulphuric acid. He lost his balance, and with a scream, plunged head foremost to a fate more horrible than death. He still lives, but in such agony that he prays for death constantly. His eyes are badly burned and his hair is eaten off.

When taken from the acid Dusback was unconscious. In addition to the burns on his head, his body was scorched terribly, and in attempting to remove his clothing his rescuers pulled some of the burned flesh with it. He had been eaten into, and there were great holes in the victim's body where the acid had burned in. When the body came in contact with the hands of the men the skin peeled off in great pieces.

Cut His Wife's Throat.

Cleveland, September 20.—The greatest excitement prevails in Bedford, a small village seven miles south of this city, over the attempt this afternoon at wife murder in the boldest possible fashion by James McMillen, formerly of Pittsburg, a young laboring man, who recently married the handsome daughter of a Bedford farmer. The couple did not get along happily, and not long ago the wife, who is hardly 21, left her husband and went to live with her father. This afternoon McMillen called at the farm house of his father-in-law and got his wife into a buggy and started for the woods, where he tried to kill her by cutting her throat. She asserts he was joined in the woods by an assistant, but does not name him. Her outcry brought assistance and McMillen and his companion jumped into the buggy and escaped. They are still at large.

The woman's throat is badly cut, but doctors say the chances are in favor of her recovery.

Pulled the Burglar's Leg.

Newark, N. J., September 20.—If the burglar who took two gold watches, $30 and some jewelry from the residence of James Ness, will return the money he can get his trousers back. Between 2 and 3 o'clock this morning Mr. and Mrs. Ness were awakened by a stranger in their bed room They jumped out of bed and the stranger bounded toward the window and was half way-out before Mr. Ness caught him by the leg. The man struggled and Mrs. Ness caught hold of the other leg and a great leg pulling match ensued. The burglar fought desperately and finally got away, but he left his trousers in their possession.

About an hour afterward J. W. Gibson, of Tappen street, Kearney, was awakened from his slumber by some one in his room. Just as he opened his eyes he saw a man leap from the second-story window. When Gibson searched for his trousers he failed to find them. His mysterious visitor had taken them.

Destroying Toll Gates.

Springfield, Ky., September 21.—The free turnpike mob destroyed five toll gates Saturday night and three last night. These two raids leave but five gates in Washington county, the raiders having destroyed forty-three in all. Saturday night the mob rode up to the Tick Creek pike gates while they were guarded by twelve men. The leader of the mob was ordered to take his men away or go to jail. The mob then levelled shot guns at the guards and forced them to surrender. The mob forced the guards to cut the gates down and drove them back to town. Two of the raiders were in court to-day on the charge of destroying toll gates, but nothing could be proved against them and they were discharged.

Poisoned With Paris Green.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., September 23.—Charles Richards, of Exeter borough, was seen to fall suddenly this afternoon while at work in the garden. Friends went to his assistance and, exhibiting symtoms of poison, he was at once given an emetic He finally recovered sufficiently to explain that he had been sick since drinking his coffee at noon. An examination showed a quantity of paris green in the coffee, enough to kill persons. He had trouble with his wife, who often threatened to poison him if he did not leave the house. Richards, who is a German, was reticent about giving other details. Steps havebeen taken for the arrest of Mrs. Richards.

Passenger Train Derailed.

ATHENS, O., September 23 —Baltimore and Ohio southwestern west bound train No. 13 was derailed near this city this afternoon by a broken wheel, and the rear coach, filled with passengers, rolled over the embankment. Several persons were injured, one of whom D. D. Breckinridge, will probably die. He was on his way to Amesville, near this city, where he was to have been married to-morrow. F. D. Hahn, a traveling salesman, of Albany, N. Y., was badly cut about the head and face but will recovet.

POOR, STRICKEN JAPAN

Storm, Fire, Flood and Earthquake Do Great Damage.

HUNDREDS OF LIVES WERE LOST.

The Destruction of Property Simply Enormous In the Northern Portion of Japan—The City of Kobe the Worst Sufferer—The Details.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 23.—The city of Kobe, Japan, was recently wiped out by a disastrous conflagration and floods and storms and earthquakes caused the loss of 2,500 lives and the destruction of millions of dollars worth of property in Northern Japan.

The steamer Doric, from the Orient brought news of a series of catastrophies that have befallen the mikado's realm that are unprecedented in its history. In Gifu prefecture 4,300 homes were blown down, and along the Haji Gawa 400 persons lost their lives in a storm and flood. Along the Isatsugawa 84 liver were lost.

The great flood was preceded by a severe earthquake. Then followed a downpour such as has never before been experienced in the islands. The European residents were panicstricken and sought shelter on the high lands. The Miatogatwa overflowed its banks at midnight and the waters inundated streets and fields, sweeping away 300 houses and drowning 200 persons at Kobe. After 12 hours' work the broken embankments were repaired by sand bags. To make the fate of Kobe worse a fire broke out and, fanned by the high wind, spread over the entire city Two thousand two hundred and sixty houses and 12 godowns were destroyed totally and 10 houses, 2 police boxes 1 fire brigade station, 4 temples and 1 theater. The burnt area comprises 16 streets. The total damage by fire was 1,000,000 yen.

In Rokugo district a terrible series of earthquakes shook the country. Nine people were killed there and more than 40 at Hataya, Senya, Tankanashi, Yokohori, Yokosawa, Nagashida, Shimzsna and Fujik, where the disaster was especially great. The hills at Senya cracked Fire broke out here and there Water gushed out in many places and rumblings continue.

At Obononai 11 persons were killed. At Rokugo the people killed number more than 20, and houses overturned about 1,000.

A ferryboat at Hizuma capsized and 20 Japanese and whites lost their lives

Action on Thacher Postponed.

NEW YORK, Sept. 23.—At a meeting of the Democratic state committee a resolution was offered asking Thacher to withdraw, but action was postponed until after the gold Democratic convention to-morrow. Senator Hill fiercely attacked the Chicago platform.

PILGRIMS AT CANTON

Major McKinley Spoke to Three Delegations on the Lawn.

CANTON, O., Sept. 23.—One of the interesting meetings on Major McKinley's lawn was that when the Republicans and friends of Major McKinley from Holmes county, O., one of the strongest Democratic sections of the country, called. Local committees took charge of the party and marched it to the McKinley home where an address was made by Dr. Bingham of Millersburg and responded to by Major McKinley.

Later a special train of 12 coaches on the C., C. & S. railroad brought a large delegation from Jamestown New York.

Shortly afterward another special train of 12 coaches arrived bringing Republican clubs and citizens from Elkhart and Northern Indiana.

Insurance Commissioners Meet.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 23.—The twenty-seventh annual convention of the national association of insurance commissioners is in session in this city Major Hahn of Ohio, the former president having retired, James B Waddill, the former vice president, was chosen president, and presided at the meeting.

Spaniards May Have Killed Him.

CHICAGO, Sept. 23.—A. D. Powers, the director and manager of the Cuban Relief corps has mysteriously disappeared, leaving not the slightest trace behind. It is the opinion of his friends that the Spaniards are at the bottom of the case and that Powers has met with foul play.

An Arrest Confirmed.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 23.—The treasury department has received official confirmation of the report of the arrest of Joseph N. Wolfson of New Orleans in connection with the Union National bank defalcation of $36,000.

Catholic Young Men's Union.

NEW YORK, Sept. 23.—The annual canvention of the Catholic Young Men's National union is in session in Madison Square Garden.

NEWS AND OTHER NOTINGS.

—On Wednesday the reign of Queen Victoria becomes the longest in English history.

—Fusion has been effected between the silver Democrats and Populists in Kentucky.

—William Miltz, a Philadelphia painter, died after eating a meal from a table on which he had mixed paints.

—Two valuable horses belonging to F. Fromhagen were fatally stabbed while in a pasture field near New Castle.

—The plaining mill, creamery and a cider mill at Bally, Berks county, were destroyed by fire, involving a loss of $10,000.

—Adam Bowers, a farmer of Franklin township, Beaver county, was shot in the foot by a spring gun set to protect his chicken coop from weasels.

—A. D. Powers, the director and manager of the Cuban relief corps at Chicago, has mysteriously disappeared. His friends say that the Spaniards are at the bottom of the case, and that Powers has met with foul play.

The Biggest Fool at Large.
Is the individual who persistently neglects his health, and the means of preserving and restoring it. Many persons who are not constitutional idiots do this. They are genuine objects of compassion as well as censure. A failure of appetite, loss of sleep and flesh, impaired digestion, an uncertain condition of the bowels and symptoms of billiousness are so many warnings of the approach of disease. To disregard them is abject folly, which offended nature in due time punishes severely, if not fatally. That genuine and thoroughly reliable preventive of bodily mischief in the shape of chronic disease, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, will, if resorted to in time, avert those disorders, to the removal of which it is also fully adequate. Among these are chronic indigestion, liver complaint, kidney troubles, constipation, nervousness, rheumatism and malaria.

THE FREEMAN and the Semi-Weekly Pittsburg POST at only $2.00 a year. All the news.

B. & B.

Most likely you're going to make a trip to the Western Pennsylvania

Exposition

—the musical and art features, as well as the commercial and manufacturing exhibits, are unusually attractive this year, and you'll want to see them—it will pay you to include this store in your visit—come and inspect the new goods—learn prices and see if this small profit business isn't done in a way that concerns your self-interest.

A wonderful collection of

DRESS GOODS

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Silks, Black Goods,
Novelty Woolens,
Coats, Jackets, Suits

—all goods you can depend on as to style, quality and price—least price for the kinds.

Meanwelle send for samples of these extraordinary values:

Fine all wool Black Henrietta—49 inches wide—60C.—most wide Henriettas are only 44½ inches wide—these are not only extra wide, but such splendid weight, finish and luster as has always been a dollar a yard.

Fine Imported Black Serge, 50 inches wide, 40C.

Fine Novelty Woolens, 48 and 50 inches wide, 85C.—Scotch effects, silk overshot Novelties, Bourettes—fine fabrics made to sell for a dollar or more—on some there's the difference between 89c. and $1.25 to be saved.

Never had such fine choice mixtures to sell at 37½C. and 50C. as now—nice, stylish things that at such prices prove there's small profit selling—no other kind being done here.

You ought to make sure that we have your name and address for sending the New Catalogue to—ready pretty soon now—brimful of facts about goods and prices that will be to your advantage—free, postpaid, if you ask for it.

BOGGS & BUHL,

Allegheny, Pa.

For Your Protection.—Catarrah "Cures" or Tonics for Catarrah in liquid form to be taken nternally, usually contain either Mercury or Iodide of Potassa, or both, which are injurious if too long taken. Catarrah is a local, not a blood disease, caused by a sudden change to cold or damp weather. It starts in the nasal passages, affecting eyes, ears and throat. Cold in the head causes excessive flow of mucus and if repeatedly neglected, the results of catarrah will follow; severe pain in the head, a roaring sound in the ears, bad breadth, and oftentimes an offensive discharge. The remedy should be quick to ally inflammation and heal the membrane. Ely's Cream Balm is the acknowleged cure for these troubles and contains no mercury nor any injurious drug. Price, 50 cents nov 10 94 ly.



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In all its Latest and Most Improved Methods.

Teeth extracted without pain by using Prof. May's E. B. Artificial Teeth without plate just like the natural teeth. I extract teeth, repair them and replace them in their natural position. First-class work done at the most reasonable rates.

All work warranted. Terms Cash. Office on Main Street two doors north of M. E. Church.

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Dec 6, 1895 tm

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BUTCHERS,



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TAKE NOTICE

When you want GOOD FLOUR take your grain to the OLD SHENKLE MILL in Ebensburg. The

FULL ROLLER PROCESS

for the manufacture of Flour has been put in the Old Shenkle Grist Mill in Ebensburg and turns out nothing but

FIRST CLASS WORK.

Bring in your grain and give us a trial. Each man's grain in ground separately and you get the Flour of your own wheat. If farmers wish to exchange grain for Flour they can do so. The Mill is running every day with the BEST OF POWER.

S. D. LUDWIG,

PROPRIETOR.

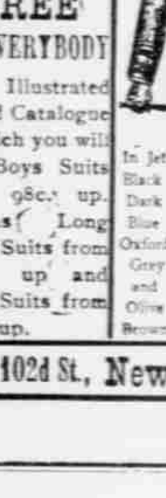
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AND WE PAY EXPRESS CHARGES TO YOUR DOOR.
REMEMBER, you buy direct from one of the largest Wholesale Clothing Manufacturers in America and by so doing you save three Profits.



The above mentioned $2.76 Boys Sampson Suit with Extra Pants is guaranteed to be made from imported Wool Cheviot, in Jet Black, Dark Blue, Oxford Grey and Olive Brown, in sizes from 3 to 9 years of age. They are made up as per cut below in double breasted with Sailor Collar, trimmed with wide surtach Braid, lined with a fast black Albert Twill Sateen Lining, Trimming and Workmanship throughout the best money can buy. Coat has 2 Side Pockets, a Top and Cash Pocket. Patent Waist Bands used on all Pants, also Side Pockets on all Pants.

In Sizes from 10 to 15 years of age made up as per opposite cut, Double Breasted with extra Pants at same Price $2.76. Expressage paid to your door.

In remitting send either Post Office or Express Money Order or Registered Letter and for measure send age of Boy at last Birthday and if large or small for his age.





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Two great buildings devoted to showing what the world has done the last twelve months.

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Chicago Marine Band,

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HALF RATE EXCURSIONS ON ALL RAILROADS

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ADMISSION, 25C. CHILDREN

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Of wasting time over problems others have thought out for you.

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Come from long experience.

The Cinderella Stoves and Ranges
Are the result of over thirty-five years experience. They are noted for their durability, cleanliness and economy.

Special attention has been paid to making Stoves the way the people want them with a view of meeting every requirement at a moderate cost.

Their cleanliness lessens labor.
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CLEARANCE SALE

of Furs, Capes and Jackets, Winter Dress Goods and Woolen Underwear at QUINN'S, 134 and 136 Clinton St., Johnstown. Capes sold at half cost. New Spring Dress Goods arriving every day.

Carriage and Wagon Shop.

Having opened up in the shop lately occupied by J. A. Boney in the West ward, Ebensburg, I am prepared to do all kinds of Wagon and Carriage Work on the shortest notice and at reasonable terms. Carriage Trimming, Cushions and Side Curtains furnished to order. Orders taken for Spring Wagons and Buggies.

Special attention given to Repair Work and Painting and satisfaction guaranteed.

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[EBE]NSBURG, CAMBRIA CO., PA.

[FRID]AY, - - SEPTEMBER 25, 1896.

[L]OCAL AND PERSONAL.

...your taxes before October 3rd.

..."Farmer Hopkins" at the opera ...night.

...Winnie George, of Gallitzin, visit...in Ebensburg last week.

...Hopple, of Spangler, has pur...the Central Hotel, in that place, ...D. C. Sullivan.

...Pershing, of Pottsville, said he ...those naturalization papers to any ...the taxes are paid by a political ...

...the three-year-old son of Mr. ...John Hogue, of Cresson, died on ...morning from dephtheria, after a ...ness.

...Apel, the drayman of this ...a valuable horse on Thursday ...It took sick and died while ...on Julian street.

...and county taxes must be paid ...before the 3d day of October in order ...you to vote. Attend to it with... so you may be qualified to vote.

...dale borough, which has only one ...thousand voters on ...lists—the largest number of ...precinct in Westmoreland ...

...the law passed by the legislature ...school boards in townships as well ...cities and boroughs are empower...levy a tax of one mill to establish ...libraries.

...Joseph Kirk died at Barnesboro on ...September 19th, aged 35 years. ...were taken to Luthersburg ...county and interred in the ceme...that place, on Monday.

...Alice Maloney, of Ebensburg, ...has been a patient at the Mercy ...in Pittsburg, arrived in the city ...days ago and is a guest at the ...Johnstown Democrat.

...seven-year-old son of Mr. and ...Shaffer, of Jeannette, cut off ...and a part of his left hand ...playing with a grain cutter the other ...The boy has twice narrowly escaped ...falling from trolley cars.

...the seven-year-old son of Mr. and ...A. Goodman, of Cresson, died at ...home in that place, on Sunday ...after an illness of two weeks. ...were interred in the Union ...at Summit on Sunday afternoon.

...Schaffer, superintendent of public ...has issued a proclamation ...Friday, October 23d, as autumn ...day, and earnestly urging directors, ...teachers, and pupils to ...the day by appropriate exercises ...the planting of trees.

...Keller, one of the oldest ...railroad conductors in Al...died suddenly of heart disease at ...on Sunday morning. He ...years, and had been in the em...Pennsylvania Railroad com...forty-five years. He leaves a ...children.

...a Slavonian miner em...the Yellow Rock mine at Dunlo, ...under a fall of coal while "run...on Wednesday morning of last ...instantly killed. His re...interred in the Slavish ceme...Lower Yoder township, on Thurs...had been four years in this coun...unmarried.

...Republican Senatorial conferees ...district met at Hollidaysburg on ...and concluded their labors by ...Hon. J. C. Stineman, of South ...the 51st ballot. Before making ...however, they instructed ...Jacob to support that "truly ..." Hon. John Wanamaker, for ...States Senator.

...driven by John Mulberger, of ...township, Armstrong county, ...a bicycle on Sunday and ran ...the road near Elderton. Mrs. ...attempted to jump out, but ...and dragged half a mile over a ...When extricated from the ...buggy she was dead. Mulberger's ...were broken. Mrs. Mulberger ...years of age.

...residence of David Aurandt, Wal...and Sixth street, Altoona, was ...lightning and damaged to the ...Mr. Aurandt's family was ...the breakfast table when the ...the chimney. A portion of the ...passing down the chimney, wreck...while the remainder made a ...the second story, damaging it so ...will have to be rebuilt.

...town council recently is...order that all business places, ...exception, should be closed on ...When the test came the author...with the druggists and ...of selling no cigars, tobacco ...water. With this promise they ...to keep open. The Italian ...were closed up tight, but the ...refused to close, and they ...out in the courts.

...Altoona *Times* says: ...trouble among the miners ...this week. The workers ...paid up to a later date than ...and they raised considerable ...in consequence, but it is stated ...Saturday they will be paid up to ...of August. News from Glen ...was to the effect that the ...expected to go work to-day and ...that the difficulties between ...employers would be ami...adjusted.

...banking house of Gardner, Mor...Company, of Hollidaysburg, made ...on Friday of last week to ...of the clerks in the bank, ...benefit of creditors. As a result of ...Thomas H. Suckling, clothier; ...Buckner, meat market, and ...Reed, grocer, three prominent ...who are debtors to the Gardner, ...& Company bank, failed and made ...The bank, by its public no...its failure to the general ...depression and failure to make ...and says that it expects to be ...all creditors in full.

...Coulter, accompanied by ...C. Westover, of Spangler, John ...of Summerhill township, and Ja...of Adams township, escorted ...named prisoners to the peni...on Tuesday morning: Clyde ...felonious assault and battery, two ...Charles Rice, larceny and receiving ...goods, one year and eight months; ...Priest, horse stealing and felonious ...battery, three years; Hiram ...and Fred Smaltz, felonious rape, ...each; Frank Quatlerella, an ...forgery, fraudulently making and ...uttering a written instru...five years.

...way to get rich is to trust nobody, ...none, keep all you get, stint your...everything that belongs to you, ...friend of no man, and have no man ...of yours, heap up interest cent ...be mean, miserable and de...some twenty or thirty years, and ...will come to you as sure as disease, ...and death. And when ...early enough wealth has been ac...by a disregard of the charities ...human heart at the expense of every ...death will finish the work, the ...and fight over what you have ...the spirit goes—where? By all ...get rich. It will pay—the devil.

Real Estate Transfers.

Perry Troxell, administrator, to Jacob Troxell, Reade; consideration, $100.

Ralph Liesch et ux. to John Lundell, Carroll, $25.

Charles F. Luther to Wencenty Kojs, Susquehanna, $165.

David J. Bougher et ux. to Abraham Bougher, Barr, $150.

Patrick Kelley et ux. to Mary Miller, Johnstown, $1,100.

Herman Baumer, assignee, to John Dowling, Johnstown, $1,900.

Levi Ream to Valentine Lauffer, Portage township, $100.

Guyan I. Davis et ux. to Pennsylvania Railroad company, Washington, $700.

Guyan I. Davis et ux. to Pennsylvania Railroad company, Washington, $1.

Guyan I. Davis et ux. to Pennsylvania Railroad company, Washington, $300.

Joseph Null to Adam Rudolph, Allegheny, $375.

Charles J. Skelly et ux. to William B. Skelly, Johnstown, $2,000.

Ferman Edmiston et ux. to Sarah Jane Edmiston, Spangler, $50.

Daniel S. McAnulty et ux. to Clara M. Learn, Barnesboro, $200.

George A. Hager et ux. to T. C. Long et al., Johnstown, $1.

Henry A. Quartz et ux. to Michael A. Quartz, Cresson township, $1,000.

Michael J. Georgeet ux. to Pennsylvania Railroad company. Portage borough, $800.

George H. Brown et ux. et al. to May Huxley McClain, Johnstown, $1,500.

Mary Rader to Louisa Croft, Morrellville, $1,400.

Margaret Helfrich to Andrew Hahn, Elder, $250.

Margaret P. McConaughy et al. to John Pilath, Lower Yoder, $1.

Charles Von Lunen et ux. to Mary Hopkins, Johnstown, $350.

Executors of Charles Von Lunen et al. to David Harry Davies, Johnstown, $800.

Citizens Cemetery assocation to David H. Davies, Grand View, $38.

Cambria Iron company to William F. Page, East Taylor, $16.

William H. Reighard et ux. to William Stiffler, Mineral Point, $5.

John Wils to Anna Barto Wils, Susquehanna, $1.

B. F. Jones, clerk of the Orphans' court, to Geneva Ream, Johnstown, $1.

Philip Dever to John Dever, Munster, $1.

Philip Dever to John Dever, Munster, $1.

H. Somerville et al. to Clara Thomas, Carroll, $600.

Marriage Licenses.

The following marriage licenses were issued by the Clerk of the Orphans' Court for the week ending Thursday, September 24, 1896:

Campbell S. Layton, and Luella Fry, Pittsburg, Pa.

George R. Vaughn and Ella S. Cardiff, Coopersdale.

Charles Conrad and Kate Brady, Lilly.

Martin H. McCauley McGees Mills, Clearfield county, Pa., and Carry E. Duryea, Cambria county.

John P. O'Neal and Mary C. Walker, Johnstown.

Benton B. Devine, Johnstown, and Ida May Burkhart, Morrellville.

George Kushmer and Annie Drubak, Dunlo.

William O. Hipp and Ida M. Beam, Daisytown.

George J. Hecker and Emma Neff, Carroll township.

Gabriel Getsi and Rosaline Szrarznai, Puritan.

Daniel Ott and Annie Burket, Johnstown.

John Riffel, Johnstown, and Mary Reed, Sheridan.

Felix X. Beck and Adaline Reininger, Gallitzin.

Lawrence Mulligan, Chest Springs, and Bridget Noel, St. Augustine.

Joseph H. Scheik, Gallitzin, and Margaret C. Bechtel, Tunnelhill.

Milton Seward McGarry and Alfretta Galagher, Johnstown.

Threatened Suicide.

The Altoona *Times* of Tuesday morning says: Sadie Noonan, a few years ago, one of the prettiest girls in Altoona, was last night a prisoner at the police station, guarded constantly by a policeman for fear that she would carry out a threat to commit suicide. She was arrested about 10:30 o'clock in a house in the Third ward by Officer Baird for drunkenness and disorder. While officers were searching the house for other inmates Miss Noonan procured a bottle of iodine and attempted to swallow its contents. She was prevented from doing so by the promptitude of Officer Watson, who spilled the liquid over himself in wrenching the bottle from her hands.

The girl went on as though she had hysterics. After she was incarcerated in the lockup she tried to choke herself to death. The marks of her finger nails were plainly visible on her neck. Her hands were handcuffed behind her back until she became sober and then Lieutenant Hetrick confined her in the mayor's private office, where he could keep an eye on her.

And the Gold Bug Suffered.

The Lock Haven *Democrat* is responsible for the following: A peculiar swindle growing out of the gold and silver enthusiasm was practiced at Benton last week. Two men, who seemed to be strong silver and gold advocates, were in the Central depot and became involved in a heated discussion. The gold man offered to bet a gold double eagle that if he hampered the coin into a shapeless mass it would still be worth $20. He was ostensibly taken up by the silver advocate, but when it came to selling the lump to Jeweler Roth, the store was closed. James Hagerty, a strong sound money advocate, who stood by and who had implicit faith in the value of gold, gave the man $20 for the battered coin. The two enthusiasts disappeared shortly after, and then it was discovered that the metal left by them was spurious.

A Driver Badly Hurt.

The closing scene of the Indiana fair on Friday was a tragic one, as a result of which W. S. Evans, of Allegheny, lies between life and death. Evans is an Allegheny liveryman, and was there driving the horses of Denny Brothers, of Ligonier. In the fourth heat of the free for all trot, or pace, Evans was driving the stallion Forest Wilkes. He had third position in a field of three and just as he got inside the distance flag, he noticeably loosened the reins. This seemed to stagger Wilkes, and he went down in a heap, Evans being thrown over his head. He alighted on his head, and it looked to the horrified spectators as if the horse rolled over him, when picked up he was bleeding at the ·a , nose and mouth. The physicians think there may be a fracture of the skull.

F. P. Martin, Esq., for Senator.

On Saturday the Democratic senatorial conference for the Thirty-fifth senatorial district composed of the counties of Blair and Cambria, met at the Merchants Hotel, in Johnstown, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

The Blair county conferees were J. B. Stahl, W. H. Kerr and G. W. Rhine, of Altoona, instructed for M. B. McGrath, of Altoona.

The Cambria county conferees were W. Horace Rose, of Johnstown, H. A. Englehart, of Ebensburg, and Thomas T. Scheridan, of Conemaugh.

The balloting stood 3 to 3 until the fifth ballot when Mr. McGrath requested his conferees to vote for Mr. Martin, and he was unanimously nominated.

—Cresson has an epidemic of diphtheria, four children, Ray Goodman, aged 3 years; Annie Judge, aged 7; Harry Hogue, aged 3; and Norman Bruce, aged 7, all having died with the dread disease within a few days.

Communication.

West Reade Township, Sept. 23, 1896.

ED. FREEMAN:—As we have not seen anything in your paper for several weeks from Reade township we thought we would scratch down a few lines to let our brother readers of the FREEMAN know that we are all here and are having some booms. The new railroad that is being built from Flinton up the Beaver dams, is being pushed to completion rapidly by working day and night. It is necessary to build two bridges, one across Clearfield creek and one across Beaver dams, within a few hundred feet of each other and Flinton is having such a boom as it never experienced before. Mr. Yearick has filled up his store and is doing an excellent business and the Alpine Hotel is filled to overflowing most every night. Mr. Shafer & Sons are doing a fine business in blacksmithing.

On Thursday Mr. Englehart, Democratic county chairman, of Ebensburg, and Mr. Waters, of Johnstown, the present Democratic candidate for county treasurer, arrived at Flinton on the noon train and there was soon a crowd of voters irrespective of politics shaking Mr. Waters' hand wishing him victory with a large majority. On Friday morning he was taken to the Grangers' picnic near Glasgow, where he met with voters all day, and he has no doubt about his election, but will make one more visit to Reade township before the third of November. The citizens here are well pleased with the appearance of Mr. Waters and from what they have learned have no doubts about his moral character and express themselves by saying that they do not intend to throw their votes away by voting for a man who does not have a good moral character and worthy of their support.

We are pleased to say here that the Grangers' picnic was a success, at a rough guess we think there was nearly 1,000 people on the grounds. The opening address was delivered by J. T. Patterson, and responded to by John Ricketts. In the afternoon Mrs. Johnston, of Erie county, held the floor for an hour and a half giving a masterly speech, urging the people to get men in office who favor the free and unlimited coinage of both gold and silver; she showed that the per capita of money in this country is not sufficient to meet the requirements of trade, showing plainly that it is not a political question but just simply an uprising of the intelligent people of all parties asking for our rights according to the constitution.

The singing at the picnic was furnished by the Flinton Grange choir of which the following are members: Misses Eva Gates, (leader,) Susie Ricketts, Annie Strayer, Bessie Gill, Sallie Gates, and Messrs. John L. Gill, Joel A. Gates and Joel Glass. We have a successful grange at Flinton. FARMER.

Court Proceedings.

The following cases were disposed of in court in addition to those mentioned in last week's FREEMAN:

Commonwealth vs. F. W. Clark; forgery and passing forged instruments, five indictments. Jury find defendant guilty.

Commonwealth vs. same defendant, several other cases were continued until the next term.

Commonwealth vs. Thomas Sullivan; rape. Jury find defendant not guilty.

Commonwealth vs. Blanch Tuey; larceny. Jury find defendant guilty and recommend her to the mercy of the court.

Commonwealth vs. Mikey Priest; felonious assault and battery and horse stealing. Jury find defendant guilty.

Commonwealth vs. Charles and Mallie Miller; keeping a disorderly house. Jury find defendants not guilty and that Constable Hess, the prosecutor, pay the costs.

Commonwealth vs. William Allen; larceny and receiving stolen goods. Jury find defendant guilty.

The court on Friday imposed the following sentences:

Hiram Orris and Fred Smaltz, the two men who were found guilty of felonious rape upon the person of a young girl whom they kept at their shanty near Conemaugh, were sentenced to pay $100 fine a piece, costs of prosecution in their respective cases, and serve three years each in the Western penitentiary.

Frank Quatterello, an Italian, who pleaded guilty to forgery, fraudulently making and fraudulently uttering a written instrument, was sentenced as follows: First case—$10 fine, costs, and two years in the penitentiary; second case—$10 fine, costs and two years in the penitentiary, to be served at expiration of first term; third case—$10 fine, costs, and one year in the penitentiary, to be served at the expiration of the second term.

Clyde Lewis, found guilty of felonious assault and battery, was sentenced to pay $50 fine, costs, and serve two years in the penitentiary.

Charles Rice, guilty of larceny and receiving stolen goods, got $20, costs, and one year and eight months in the penitentiary.

Mickey Priest, on the charge of felonious assault and battery, got $50, costs, and one year. On the horse stealing charge he was sentenced to pay $50 fine, costs and serve two years in the penitentiary, at the expiration of the first sentence.

Commonwealth vs. John Tetkill; assault and battery. Jury find defendant guilty.

In the case of The American Road company vs. A. B. Cushing, on the civil list, the court directed the jury to find for the plaintiff the sum of $1,636.74.

In the case of Elizabeth Thomas vs. The Western Insurance company, the jury found for the plaintiff $1,000.

The Beech Creek Road.

There is a big probability that the Beech Creek railroad, owned by the Vanderbilts and controlled by the New York Central and Hudson River Railroad company, will extend its lines through to Pittsburg within the next year. The Pennsylvania Railroad company and the Vanderbilts had an agreement by which the latter agreed to remain out of the Smoky City, but it has fallen through or terminated. In 1893 Chief Engineer McIntyre, of the Beech Creek railroad, with an engineer corps, surveyed a proposed railroad line between Kerrmoor and through Cambria, Indiana and Westmoreland counties through to Pittsburg. The survey ended in early winter and when the plans had been drawn up the proposed new route was found to be the shortest and most direct by over 100 miles between Philadelphia and Pittsburg. This action on the part of the Vanderbilts caused the P. R. R. to get a move on, and a stay was secured.

The Beech Creek has extended its lines to Mahaffey, which is only 100 miles from Pittsburg on the proposed line to that city.

During the past summer and this autumn the Beech Creek engineer corps, under chief engineer McIntyre, has been laying out 18 miles of railroad in Cambria county to connect with the main line at Patton. This new line extends toward the Indiana county line in the direction of Pittsburg and taps some of the richest coal lands in the bituminous region. The line will be built this fall and next spring, and is the first well defined move of the Vanderbilt system to Pittsburg.—*Williamsport Sun.*

—The Clearfield county grand jury last week returned a number of true bills against merchants in that county for violating the pure food law in selling vinegar that was not pure cidar vinegar. The law makes it a misdemeanor for the person selling to the consumer vinegar represented to be cider vinegar when it is not. Some of the merchants claim they purchased the vinegar from the wholesalers as cider vinegar, but the test showed it was not cidar vinegar, hence the suits were brought.

Jury List.

The following named citizens have been drawn from the wheel for jury duty at our next December term of court and also for a special court which will convene on Monday November 30th:

GRAND JURORS.

Bailey, Charles, laborer, Johnstown.
Bauer, George, editor, Johnstown.
Cush, James, barkeeper, Johnstown.
Delozier, Frank, farmer, Clearfield twp.
Dorer, Solomon, farmer, U. Yoder twp.
Freidhoff, Henry P., farmer, Conemaugh twp.
Freidhoff, Wm., moulder, Morrellville.
Fisher, John, butcher, Johnstown.
Groke, G. H. R., engineer, Portage.
Hertzog, Vincent, clerk, Johnstown.
Kane, James, farmer, Carroll twp.
Kirkpatrick, August, laborer, Ebensburg.
Koontzman, Lawrence, farmer, Allegheny tp.
Miller, Isadore, laborer, Susquehanna twp.
McAleer, Owen, merchant, Johnstown.
McCloskey, David, signalman, Cresson twp.
Oaks, Josiah S., farmer, Croyle twp.
O'Harra, Michael, teamster, Wilmore.
Pidgeon, F. H., signalman, Gallitzin.
Poling, D. S., clergyman, South Fork.
Reese, John E., liveryman, Vintondale.
Shaffner, August, farmer, Clearfield twp.
Speedy, B. F., foreman, Johnstown.
Wilson, Samuel D., farmer, Jackson twp.

SPECIAL TERM, COMMENCING NOV. 30.

Allendorfer, John H., foreman, Johnstown.
Adolfzen, John A., grocer, Hastings.
Amsbry, Charles, barber, Johnstown.
Boxler, John B., laborer, Johnstown.
Burtnett, D. A., carpenter, Johnstown.
Biller, Paul, blacksmith, Patton.
Bender, W. B., blacksmith, Carrolltown.
Bender, John, farmer, Clearfield twp.
Bloom, Ira, farmer, Cambria twp.
Campbell, I. R., laborer, Gallitzin.
Campbell, Joseph, blacksmith, South Fork.
Custer, Jacob B., grocer, Jackson twp.
Dimond, Stephen, farmer, Summerhill twp.
Dunham, Russel, clerk, Johnstown.
Donnely, Wm. J., lumberman, Patton.
Darby, Joseph, laborer, Johnstown.
Evans, Nicholas, mine boss, Lilly.
Fisher, John E., laborer, Stonycreek twp.
Farrel, J. P., laborer, Summerhill twp.
Fitzharris, Michael, agent, Johnstown.
Fogle, John E., motorman, Johnstown.
Glass, D. A., farmer, Munster twp.
Grambling, Josiah, farmer, Adams twp.
Hileman, John, laborer, Johnstown.
Hoy, John, engineer, East Conemaugh.
Hockstine, Yost, farmer, U. Yoder twp.
Kirsch, M. J., contractor, Hastings.
Keedy, Wm. E., mill-hand, Johnstown.
Lavely, George E., blacksmith, Johnstown.
Lantzy, Wm., carpenter, Spangler.
Lynch, Samuel, printer, Johnstown.
Lawrence, Samuel A., laborer, Johnstown.
Mattern, George, laborer, Johnstown.
Miller, Charles, laborer, Loretto.
Marsh, George, laborer, Johnstown.
Murphy, Simon, farmer, Adams twp.
Miller, Joseph P., farmer, Barr twp.
Myers, John A., engineer, Patton.
Nickel, O. F., editor, Johnstown.
Pringle, Samuel, laborer, Wilmore.
Rager, Wm. E., laborer, Coopersdale.
Shaffer, Elmer, laborer, Westmont.
Sharkey, Dennis, laborer, Johnstown.
Shope, I. W., laborer, White twp.
Sloan, Philip, mill-hand, Johnstown.
Shaffer, Charles, farmer, Richland twp.
Tomlinson, John E., farmer, Allegheny twp.
Westover, Abe., farmer, Susquehanna twp.
Wharton, Arthur D., laborer, Gallitzin.
Yinger, Robert, blacksmith, Hastings.

TRAVERSE JURORS—FIRST WEEK.

Axmacher, Wm., carpenter, Johnstown.
Arble, Fred, farmer, Carroll twp.
Adams, Wesley A. merchant, Johnstown.
Barkheimer, David, laborer, Morrellville.
Black, W. H., farmer, Cambria twp.
Bender, Jacob, miner, Washington twp.
Bennett, T. S., farmer, Carroll twp.
Clark, A. C., barber, Portage.
Costlow, J. C., laborer, Conemaugh twp.
Cook, Charles W., laborer, Johnstown.
Cuthbert, Henry, rollturner, Johnstown.
Davis, Geo. W., farmer, Cambria twp.
Davis, Robert D., farmer, Cambria twp.
Edwards, Ed T., clerk, Johnstown.
Easley, George, clerk, Johnstown.
Evans, John L., farmer, Cambria twp.
Fisher, John, carpenter, Croyle twp.
Funk, Milton, farmer, Jackson twp.
Frazier, Joseph, laborer, Portage twp.
Griffith, Evan G., farmer, Cambria twp.
Greer, Samuel, merchant, Johnstown.
Hite, W. L., laborer, Blacklick twp.
Jones, Owen M., laborer, Ebensburg.
Krug, Frank, carpenter, Cambria twp.
Kirkpatrick, James, farmer, Carroll twp.
Kirkpatrick, Jacob, farmer, Elder twp.
Kuhn, Milton, farmer, Reade twp.
Kraig, Irvin, laborer, Johnstown.
Lawrence, George, laborer, Johnstown.
Luke, J. K., merchant, South Fork.
Litzinger, Robert, laborer, Dean twp.
Maloy, Hugh, carpenter, Johnstown.
Miles, Edward J., millhand, Johnstown.
Miller, S. W., alderman, Johnstown.
McCormick, E. P., coal operator, Patton.
McMullen, Lester, miner, Elder twp.
Owens, Moses, merchant, Johnstown.
Raab, Henry J., merchant, Johnstown.
Rose, Samuel, farmer, Adams twp.
Rhoddy, James J., laborer, Ashville.
Rorabaugh, Simon, farmer, Croyle twp.
Sherbine, Lyman, farmer, Croyle twp.
Statler, J. P., J. P., Richland twp.
Smith, Wm. H., contractor, Johnstown.
Thomas, M. P., farmer, Allegheny twp.
Thomas, Martin, teamster, Elder twp.
Varner, B. F., carpenter, Adams twp.
Varner, John E., farmer, Jackson twp.
Wissinger, John A., carpenter, Johnstown.
Zimmerman, Edward, laborer, Johnstown.

TRAVERSE JURORS—SECOND WEEK.

Albright, Jacob, laborer, Morrellville.
Bishop, John, hotel keeper, Johnstown.
Conrad, W. R., undertaker, Gallitzin.
Deitrich, Anselm, fireman, Johnstown.
Decker, Millard, teamster, L. Yoder twp.
Dishart, Herman, laborer, White twp.
Dill, George, laborer, Johnstown.
Englehart, Wm., laborer, Johnstown.
Ellenberger, F. D., teacher, Adams twp.
George, F. C., merchant, Lilly.
Gillen, Neal, laborer, Morrellville.
Heffley, Eugene, millhand, Johnstown.
Heffley, Samuel A., carpenter, Roxbury.
Homberger, Joseph, laborer, Morrellville.
Hammond, George, laborer, Allegheny twp.
Hummel, Samuel S., stone mason, Richland.
Hopfer, Philip, coal operator, Portage.
Haynes, M. J., painter, Johnstown.
Jarvis, Thomas, farmer, Cambria twp.
Jones, John E., painter, Gallitzin.
Koontz, Levi, laborer, South Fork.
Kline, F. J., confectioner, Hastings.
Keiper, John A., farmer, E. Taylor twp.
Kelley, Lackey, laborer, Johnstown.
Knee, Harry A., laborer, Johnstown.
Lego, Martin, laborer, Tunnelhill.
Luther, Frank, farmer, Carroll twp.
Lilly, S. C., farmer Munster twp.
Long, John, laborer, Summerhill.
Little, W. A. B., J. P., Loretto.
Lantzy, Joseph, farmer, Elder twp.
Myers, Wm. H., blacksmith, Richland twp.
Makin, Robert, laborer, Cambria twp.
Matthews, F. W., farmer, Reade twp.
Murray, James C., laborer, Ebensburg.
McGough, Geo. G., engineer, Franklin.
McNulty, Frank, engineer, Barnesboro.
McCombie, Wm. J., farmer, Carroll twp.
McCurdy, W. S., laborer, Coopersdale.
McCue, E. H., blacksmith, Adams twp.
Nagle, Henry, laborer, Clearfield twp.
Rose, Daniel, carpenter, Johnstown.
Reighard, Robert A., contractor, Johnstown.
Reighard, Ed., laborer, East Conemaugh.
Sweitzler, Joseph, farmer Carroll twp.
Thomas, J. J., farmer, Carroll twp.
Wirtner, Joseph, laborer, Carrolltown.
Wisegarver, Sherd, butcher, Johnstown.
Wingard, Jacob, laborer, Richland twp.
Weakland, Charles, farmer, Susquehanna tp.

A Nest of Gold.

The Punxsutawney *Spirit* says: While George and John Rudolph and William Pifer were engaged in repairing the wall of a cave on the farm of Thomas Pifer, of Winslow township, they found five twenty-dollar gold pieces. They were all clean and bright. When Mr. Pifer was informed of the fact he explained how it happened. In 1887 he sold a team of fine horses receiving $520 for it. Part of the money, $160, was in gold, and the rest in paper. He placed it all in a little tin bucket and hid it in the cave. He afterwards took the paper money out and left the gold there. In 1889 the cave burned down, and Mr. Pifer had forgotten about his gold, and never had thought of it until the finding of the five twenties recalled the circumstances to his mind. The gold was found among the ashes and debris of the old cave, and a thorough search is being made for the other $60, which is supposed to be there also.

Miscellaneous Notices.

ONE-HORSE hay rakes for sale cheap at DUFTON'S. July 24 tf.

GO to DUFTON'S for fruit cans.

$40 per month and expenses paid good men for taking orders. Steady work and will furnish fine outfit and choice territory. Apply Protective Nurseries, Geneva, N. Y. July 3 4m.

WANTED.—A general representative in this county to organize local boards for the Artisans' Savings and Loan Association. Address 91 Fifth Ave., Pittsburg, Pa. mch22

WANTED—A reliable man to represent a loan institution in Cambria county. Money loaned in sums of $100 to $10,000. For particulars apply to W. M. DAVIS, Coalport, Pa. mch29tf.

THE Ebensburg Building & Loan Association will offer for sale at the Key Building, Ebensburg, on the fourth Monday in July, $2,000.00. THOS. DAVIS, LESTER LARIMER, Secretary. President.

AT THE OLD RELIABLE.

Everybody, and especially the oyster-loving people of Ebensburg, are invited to call at Robt. McBreen's Old Reliable Restaurant, when they want good, fresh Oysters, by the pint, quart or gallon. Or you can have them Stewed or Fried, all at the lowest price. Fresh Oysters every day. oct1tf

OILS! OILS!

The Atlantic Refining Co., of Pittsburg, Pa., make a specialty of manufacturing for the domestic trade the finest brands of

Illuminating and Lubricating Oils, Naphtha and Gasoline

That can be

MADE FROM PETROLEUM.

We challenge comparison with every known product of petroleum. If you wish the

Most : Uniformly : Satisfactory : Oils

in the market ask for ours.

ATLANTIC REFINING CO.,
PITTSBURG DEPT.,
PITTSBURG, PA.

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JOS. HORNE & CO.

Exposition Visitors

Find a good resting place in our waiting rooms—a place to read, write, meet friends, attend to toilet needs, and if they desire, a place to

Buy First-Class Dry Goods

at prices usually asked for inferior grades—

INVESTIGATION will test—
THE GOODS will prove—
SEE THREE SPECIALS—consider width as well as quality, style and price—
42 in. All-Wool BLACK and WHITE Plaids and Line Stripes, 30C. YD.
50-inch All-Wool PLAIN and MIXED CLOTHS, all new colorings, 35C. YD.
40 inch All-Wool CHECK SUITING, broken check style in semi-rough effect, four different colorings, 50C. YD.

COME, or write for Samples and New Catalogue, 1896-97 season.

PENN AVENUE AND FIFTH STREET, PITTSBURG.

Orphans' Court Sale OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE!

By virtue of an alias order of the Orphans' court of Cambria county, to me directed, I will expose to public sale at the store of H. B. Eberly, at Munster in the township of Munster, Cambria county, Pennsylvania, on

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 10, 1896,

at one o'clock, P. M., the following described real estate, viz:

All that certain piece or parcel of ground situate in the township of Munster, bounded on the North by land of Samuel Noel; on the East by land of James Noon; on the South by the Cambria & Clearfield railroad and by the turnpike; on the West by land of the estate of Cornelius Dever, deceased, and by land of the estate of Augustin Durbin, deceased, containing

48 ACRES

and 116 perches.

Reserving and excepting, however, two small portions thereof aggregating three acres, more or less, which Philip Farren in his lifetime sold and conveyed to the Cambria & Clearfield Railroad company.

TERMS OF SALE.

Ten per cent of the purchase money to be paid in hand at the time of sale; the balance of one-third at the confirmation of sale, one-third in one year from the confirmation of sale and the remaining third in two years from the confirmation of sale. Deferred payments to bear interest, and to be secured by judgment bond and mortgage of purchaser. H. P. FARREN,
Administrator of the estate of Philip Farren, deceased.

Munster, Pa., Sept. 22d, 1896. 25 3t.

ELY'S CREAM BALM CATARRH

Is quickly absorbed. Cleanses the Nasal Passages, Allays Pain and Inflammation, Heals the Sores. Protects the Membrane from Additional Cold. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell.



It Will Cure COLD IN HEAD

A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at Druggists or by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York. nov.10.94.ly

COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE.

GEORGE W. PAGE vs. BESSIE PAGE. In the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county, No. 6, June term, 1896.

LIBEL IN DIVORCE.

Having been appointed commissioner in the above-stated case to take testimony and suggest a decree, notice is hereby given that I will sit for the purpose of the above appointment on THURSDAY, OCTOBER 15, 1896, at 10 o'clock A. M., at my office, in Woolf Block, Johnstown, Pa., when and where all persons interested may attend, if they see proper, and be heard.
EDWARD T. McNEELIS,
Commissioner.
September 14, 1896. Sept. 18 3t.

FOR SALE. FOR SALE.

The following articles will be sold cheap for cash or with good security:
2 two horse wagons 2 pair bob sleds, 1 one-horse sled, one Empire binder, one Champion mowing machine, 1 spring tooth harrow, 1 dinner bell, 2 sets work harness, collars, bridles, harness, chains and a general line of farming impliments.
Inquire of M. D. BEARER.
Aug. 28 tf.

H. A. SHOEMAKER.

DEALER IN

STOVES, RANGES, FURNACES,

Roofing and Spouting.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS OF ALL KINDS.

Tread Powers, Threshers and Separators, Iron and Wood Pumps, Fence Wire, Etc., Etc.,

EBENSBURG. - - - PENNA.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

Schedule in effect November 17, 1895.

Connections at Cresson.

EAST.

Seashore Express, week days	6 30 a m
Altoona Accommodation, week days	9 23 a m
Main Line Express, daily	10 59 a m
Altoona Express, daily	1 00 p m
Harrisburg Accommodation, Sundays only	1 07 p m
Mail Express, daily	5 17 p m
Philadelphia Express, daily	8 12 p m

WEST.

Johnstown Accommodation, week days	8 14 a m
Pacific Express, daily	8 37 a m
Way Passenger, daily	2 36 p m
Mail Train, daily	4 26 p m
Fast Line, daily	8 28 p. m
Johnstown Accommodation, week days	8 34 p m

Ebensburg Branch.

TRAINS ARRIVE

From Hastings and the North	7 36 a m
From Cresson	10 00 a m
From Vintondale	3 05 p m
From Cresson	5 05 p m
From Cresson	5 56 p m
From Vintondale	7 30 p m
From Cresson	9 30 p m

TRAINS LEAVE

For Cresson	7 30 a m
For Hastings and the North	10 03 a m
For Vintondale	10 15 a m
For Cresson	3 05 p m
For Vintondale	5 05 p m
For Hastings and the north	5 50 p m
For Cresson	7 30 p m

Cresson and Clearfield.

Leave Irvona at 6.45 a. m. and 3.10 p. m. arriving at Cresson at 8 05 a. m. and 4 10 p. m. Leave Cresson 9.35 a. m. and 5.30 p. m., arriving at Irvona at 10.55 a. m. and 6.50 p. m.

For rates maps, etc., call on agent or address THOS. E. WATT, P. A. W. D., 390 Fifth Ave., Pittsburg, Pa.

S. M. PREVOST, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, General Manager.

Silver and Gold.

A very small amount of either will get you a dozen of

Fine Photos —AT— Wright's Gallery.

We have come to stay for one year and may be longer. Give us trial, and if we cannot satisfy you it will cost you nothing.

Opposite County Jail, Ebensburg, Pa.

JOHN PFISTER,

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

Hardware. Queensware,

MADE-UP CLOTHING,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

VEGETABLES IN SEASON,

HARNESS, ETC.,

OPPOSITE JUNCTION HOTEL,

CRESSON, PA.

ma92-20ly

S. L. REED. MATHIOT REASE.

REED & READE,
Attorneys at Law,
EBENSBURG, - - - PENNA.
Office on Centre street. [4.28 93

KITTELL & LITTLE,
Attorneys at Law,
EBENSBURG, PA.
Office in Opera House. 2.9.94

T. W. DICK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
EBENSBURG, PENN'A.
Special attention to given claims for Pension Bounty, etc. ch7-'890

J. F. McKENRICK,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
EBENSBURG, - PA
Office on Centre street.

H. H. MYERS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
EBENSBURG, PA.
Office in Collonade Row, on Centre street.

DONALD E. DUFTON,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
EBENSBURG, PENN
Office in Opera House, Center street.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.

Letters testamentary on the estate of Dennis Cawley, late of the borough of Ashville, Cambria county, Pa., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment without delay, while those having claims against the decedent are requested to present them properly authenticated for settlement.
JOHN CAWLEY, Ashville, Pa.
JAMES CAWLEY, Altoona, Pa.
Executors.
Ashville, Pa., Sept. 25, 1896. 6t. X.

WANTED SALESMEN,

We want one or two men in each County to take orders for Nursery Stock, and are willing to pay well for good work. We agree to REPLACE FREE anything that dies from natural causes.
We also have a choice line of SEED POTATOES. GIVE US A TRIAL.
THE HAWKS NURSERY COMPANY,
ROCHESTER, N. Y.
Aug. 28 '96 4m.

JOHN F. STRATTON CELEBRATED



BANJOS,

Importer of and Wholesale Dealer in all kinds of MUSICAL MERCHANDISE, Violins, Guitars, Banjos, Mandolines, Accordeons, Harmonicas, &c., all kinds of Strings, etc., etc.
811, 813, 815, 817 East 9th St., New York.

Our Semi-Annual Clear-Sale is now on. It will pay you to attend. Our entire stock of Spring and Summer goods must be closed out by Sept. 1st to make room for our fall stock.

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The Leading Clothier,
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—PRACTICAL—
WATCHMAKER & JEWELER,
—AND DEALER IN—



WATCHES, CLOCKS,
JEWELRY, SILVERWARE,
MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS
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OPTICAL GOODS.
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Columbia and Fredonia Watches
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LARGE SELECTION OF ALL KINDS OF JEWELRY ALWAYS ON HAND.
My line of Jewelry is unsurpassed. Come and see for yourself before purchasing elsewhere
All work guaranteed.
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AT C. A. SHARBAUGH'S!

You will find the most complete assortment of Fall and Winter Clothing, Overcoats, Boots and Shoes in Northern Cambria. You will find a complete stock of Fine Suits at $5.00, $6.00, $8.50, $10.00, $12.00, $15.00 and $18.00. Overcoats from the cheapest to the best in the market. All well made, nicely trimmed and perfect in fit.

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A visit to our store will convince you that it will more than pay you to buy your Clothing, Overcoats and Shoes from us.

C. A. SHARBAUGH,
CARROLLTOWN, PA.

Let Us Reason a Little.

If your horse casts a shoe, you get a horse shoer to reset it.
If you need a perplexing legal question solved, you go to a lawyer.
If you fall ill you have a Doctor to tell you what to take.

It is their Experience and Skill You Pay For.

Then why make an exception in the purchase of your Drugs? If you have a family recipe or a prescription to fill, Spices, Flavoring Extracts, Drugs, Patent Medicines, or anything to purchase that a store devoted to Drugs may keep. Isn't it folly to confound quality with quantity and get an inferior article.
WE HAVE THE BEST.

DAVISON'S - DRUG - STORE.

BOUND TO SEE BRYAN

An Immense Crowd Turned Out At Philadelphia.

MANY WERE HURT IN THE CRUSH.

The Candidate Had an Exciting Experience Getting Into the Academy of Music, Where He Spoke to About 6,000 People—What He Said.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 23.—Mr. Bryan was greeted in Philadelphia by a crowd which, according to the police and other authorities, exceeded any outpouring of the people on a similar occasion in the history of the city. He spoke at the Academy of Music which has a seating capacity of about 3,000. Every available inch of space in the house and on the stage was occupied two hours before Mr. Bryan arrived and experts estimated the audience at fully 6,000. Gathered in the street outside of the academy were fully 35,000 people hoping to see or hear the candidate. The crush was something awful. Many of those who succeeded in getting inside the academy had their clothing almost torn from them. Many cases of more or less severe injury were reported to the police, one man with a broken arm being taken to the hospital.

Hundreds of policemen were powerless to keep the crowds in check. Mr. Bryan made his headquarters at the Lafayette hotel, two blocks above the Academy, on Broad street. In front of this over 8,000 people gathered desirous of getting at least a glimpse of the distinguished visitor. Since it was not possible for Mr. Bryan to make his way down Broad street to the Academy in his carriage he was conducted through the basement and kitchen of the hotel and out of the rear to a side street through which he walked to the Academy. He managed to make his way to the stage entrance and got inside after an experience with the crowd that he will long remember. When he appeard on the stage his reception was tremendous, the cheering lasting several minutes.

Mr. Bryan said in part:

The gold standard papers ask why I come to Pennsylvania. I have nothing to conceal. I will tell you why I come. I come first to secure, if possible the electoral vote of the state of Pennsylvania. [Applause and cheers.] If you deny that, if you will not give me that vote, if we are defeated in this campaign, then I come upon another mission, and that is to tell the people of Pennsylvania that the agitation for free coinage will never cease in this country until the gold standard is driven back to England.

They say that the craze is dying out. I care not what they call the silver cause, you may apply to it such epithets as you will, but I know that the silver cause will not die, because truth never dies. [Applause.] You ask me why I know that this cause is true. I can give you many reasons, but one reason is sufficient that every enemy to good government is against free silver. You can know a cause as you can know an individual, by the company that it keeps. [Applause.] Our cause appeals to the masses of the people, because the masses are interested in equal laws. Our cause is opposed by those who want to use our government for profit, because we are opposed to government institutes for any such purposes. [Applause.] Your city is called Philadelphia, the City of Brotherly Love.

I come to proclaim to you the gospel that is described by the name of your own city, and yet you say you will give 100,000 majority against that doctrine. [Cries of no, no, never.] I come to proclaim financial independence in a city which saw the declaration of independence signed more than 100 years ago. [Great applause.] You say that this city, in which the forefathers gathered when they were willing to defy the foreign powers and declare their independence, you say this city is afraid to have financial independence? I shall not declare that the descendants of our forefathers of 100 years ago have sunk so low unless you write it so at the ballot in November. [Great applause.] The issue which is raised now was raised before. There were people then who said that we could not obtain independence unless some foreign nation would help us. There are those who say it today and those who say it today stand in the same position as those who said it then. [Applause.]

The people who 100 years ago declared in favor of foreign supremacy were the people who had business dealings and acted as the agents of the people who employ them over there. You have no banks in this city today which are not controlled by the influence of London, and I have not more respect for the American who takes his patriotism from Lombard street than I have for the Tory who took his patriotism 100 years ago from England. (Great applause.)

One of the papers said that I lacked dignity. (A voice: "You're all right." Another voice: "How about Singerly?" hisses and groans.) My friends, I have been looking into the matter, and do you know that I would rather have it said that I lacked dignity than to have it said that I lacked backbone to meet the enemies of this government who conspire against this nation's welfare in Wall street. (Great applause.) What other president did they ever charge with lack of dignity? (Cries of "Lincoln" and great applause.) Yes, my friends, they said it of Lincoln and Jackson, too. (Applause and cheers for Jackson.) Then Jefferson lacked dignity also. (A voice: "How about Singerly?" groans and hisses.) Now, my friends, I will tell you how dignified I think a man ought to be. Of course, you know everybody has his own idea of those things. I believe that a man ought to be dignified enough, not too dignified and not lacking in dignity.

Now, it might be more dignified if I would stay at home and have people come to see me. [Long applause and cheers.] But you know that I said I was not going to promise to give anybody an office and therefore a great many people who might come to see a candidate under some circumstances would not come to see me at all. [Great applause.] And then all our people don't have money to throw at the birds. [Applause and laughter.] Why, our people want more money and if they could come all the way to Nebraska to see me it would show that they had money enough now. [Applause.] Now, my friends, I don't like to be lacking in any of the essentials, but do you know I can't see that there's any lack of dignity shown if I go before the people and talk to them and say what I stand for and what I am opposed to. [Applause.] They say I am begging for votes. Not at all. I never asked a man to vote for me. [Applause.] In fact, I have told some people to vote against me, that is more than most candidates do. [Applause.]

I have said that if there was anybody who believed in the maintenance of the gold standard until foreign nations came to us and graciously permitted us to abandon it, I said if anybody should believe that the gold standard was absolutely essential to the welfare of this country he ought not to vote for me at all. I do not want any man to vote for me then object to my doing what I expect to do if you elect me. [Applause.] And if I can prevent the maintenance of the gold standard you can rely upon my doing it the very first possible opportunity given me. [Great applause.] Now, my position on public questions is known, and I don't use the word sound money when I mean gold, either. [Applause.] And I don't use the word honest money when I talk about a dollar that is the most dishonest dollar this country ever saw, a gold dollar which keeps growing greater all the time. [Great applause.]

My platform sets forth certain policies and it states that the money question is the paramount issue, and then two other parties, to neither of which I belong, two other parties in national conventions, declared that the money question is paramount and they nominated me, and every man who is supporting me is willing to say so, and to say why he does it. In that respect I have the advantage over some. [Laughter and applause.] There is one party—no, it is not a party—it claims to be a party—which puts up one ticket in order to elect another. [Hisses and groans.] I am more dignified—(applause) —I am too dignified to advocate one thing when I mean to do another thing. [Applause.] I am too dignified to nominate one ticket for the purpose of voting for another ticket. I am too dignified to practice deception upon the American people, and then ask them— [Great applause.] The Republican party adopted at St. Louis a platform which does not say that the gold standard is a good thing. You have heard those gold bugs—I will use the word—and then I will explain why I use it. [A voice, "humbugs" you mean.] I do not use the word gold bug in an offensive sense. I use the word in that same kindly spirit in which the gold bugs use the word lunatic when they speak of me. [Laughter and applause.]

The gold bugs tell us that gold is the money of civilization. Isn't it strange that the Republican party did not find that out in St. Louis? It does not say so. The gold bugs tell us that this nation has outgrown the gold standard. Isn't it strange that the Republican party did not find that out? The gold bugs tell us that you cannot have two yardsticks. Isn't it strange that the Republican party did not find that out? They tell us that the free coinage of silver is simply in the interests of the mine-owners. Isn't it strange that the Republicans didn't find that out? They tell us that the free coinage is desired by men who want to pay their debts in cheap dollars. Isn't it strange that the Republican party didn't find that out? How do you know that the Republicans did not find that out? Why, because their platform pledges the Republican party to get rid of the gold standard.

The Republican party pledges to substitute a double standard for the single standard. If the gold standard is a good thing would the Republican party try to get rid of it? Well, I think it would, but probably they would not admit it. [Applause.] And when the Republican party pledges the country that the Republican party will try to get rid of the gold standard the Republican party cannot then defend the gold standard as a good thing. [Applause.] The Republican party admits that bimetallism is better than monometallism, that a double standard is better than a single standard, or if you want to put it in their own way, that two yardsticks are better than one yardstick.

They want what? International bimetallism. Will not international bimetallism help the mine owner just as much as independent bimetallism? Will not international bimetallism help the debtor just as much as independent bimetallism? Therefore, my friends, the Republican party is estopped from making any argument against the double standard and it puts itself in this unfortunate position, that having declared that bimetallism is a good thing, that the American people ought to have it, the Republican party will not undertake the bringing about of that desirable thing until foreign nations bring it to us. That is the position of the Republican party.

SPANIARDS' BRUTAL DEEDS.

Well Authenticated Stories of Slaughter of Innocent People.

KEY WEST, Sept. 23.—The Spaniards continue their barbarious deeds in Cuba according to well authenticated stories received here.

As Colonel Aguillera, with 500 Spanish troops, was proceeding toward Vegas, he was fired on from ambush and ten of his men killed.

After one volley the Cubans fled pursued by Spaniards. In the chase the Spaniards came across the Pablo Diaz colony, composed of 25 persons, men women and children. Colonel Aguillera asked if they had seen any rebels in the neighborhood. On receiving a negative answer, he ordered a general slaughter of everybody, including children from 1 to 10 years old.

A young man begged to be killed, instead of his mother, but he was killed with machete and bayonet in the presence of the mother. Then they transfixed the mother upon a bayonet, after which they disembowled her with a machete. The little children were tortured with the end of the bayonet and then finished with the macheto.

Of the 25 human beings present in that colony 19 were butchered and six made their escape, hiding themselves in the cane.

Besides truthful witnesses, the troops boasted of what they had done when they went back to Vegas, about two miles from the colony.

Three days after the slaughter, a traveler passed by the spot of the murder and was horrified to see carrion crows devouring the bodies. None had been buried.

Colonel Aguillera started with his troops from Nueva-Paz toward the sugar estate Cuervo. Near a place called Cuzch, he saw a house, went to it and found only three children in it. He asked where the parents were, they answered that they had gone after some fuel to prepare their breakfast and would soon return. The colonel ordered the three children—10 to 14 years old—to be locked up in the house, and after this was done, he ordered the troops to set fire to the horse.

The troops, horrified, disobeyed at first, but under the threats of Aguillera, they acted and the house was burnt down with the children in it. On their return to Nueva-Paz, the troops told the people what had been done. This information is from a Spanish source.

After that house was burned, Agnillera went on and met a man 70 years old, carrying vegetables, who was accompanied by two colored men. He was asked where he was going; he answered that he was taking the vegetables home to Nueva-Paz. The colonel ordered them to be killed with the machete. The body of the old man was thrown into a well nearby, where he was found two days afterward, traced by his hat found near the well. The other bodies were chopped to pieces and thrown into a cave, where they were found. All this was related by a sergeant and the soldiers.

READY FOR A SLAUGHTER.

The Turkish Sultan Determined to Not Be Coerced.

BERLIN, Sept. 23.—A telegram from Constantinople to the Vossische Zeitung says that the sultan vows that no Christian shall live in his empire if an English or any other fleet of warships attempts to force its way through the Dardanelles.

Everything is in readiness, the telegram says, to start a general massacre the moment the bombardment of the Turkish forts on the Dardanelles begins.

The sultan is crazed by fears of assassination or dethronement.

The Vossische Zeitung implores the powers to back up the grand vizier and reduce the sultan to submission.

GLADSTONE SHAMES THE POWERS.

He Declares They Are Prostrate at the Sultan's Feet.

LONDON, Sept. 23.—The Chronicle this morning prints a long letter from Mr. Gladstone, appearing also in today's Paris Figaro, in which he eloquently appeals to the European powers in behalf of Armenians, expressing a conviction derived from experience in Egyptian and Bulgarian affairs, that neither France nor Russia will hinder the cause of Armenia, "against the great assassin who, for more than a year, has triumphed over the diplomacy of the six powers.

"They in truth have been laid prostrate at his feet. There is no parallel in history to the humiliation that they have so patintly borne."

THE AMERICAN BANKERS.

Their Convention Heard Reports From States Today.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 23.—The convention of the American Bankers' association took up today with a call of states when brief statements were made by delegates of the general condition of banking in their various localities. Following this was a discussion of at least 20 practical banking questions.

Tomorrow, the last day, officers for the ensuing year will be elected and installed. The remainder of the day will be given up to the discussion of clearing house questions.

The annual address of President E. H. Pullen, vice president of the National Bank of the Republic, New York city, was well received.

Killed by a Derrick.

BUFFALO, Sept. 23.—By the giving way of the leg of a derrick that was being used to hoist stone Martin Dudack, aged 21, was instantly killed and Martin Haller and John Kurker were fatally injured.

Discriminated Against Our People.

TORONTO, Sept. 23.—The city council has voted that tenders from United States concerns shall not be considered in the opening of bids for the plumbing and steamfitting of the new courthouse here.

THE CZAR AT BALMORAL

He and the Czarina Queen Victoria's Guests.

GUARDED FROM ASSASSINATION.

The Whole Railway Line From Leith to Ballater Patrolled, Also Outlying Districts Searched—Royal Pair Given an Enthusiastic Welcome.

[Copyrighted.]

BALLATER, Sept. 23.—The queen's special train bearing the czar and czarina and the members of the English royal family who accompanied them has arrived here. After the formal reception by the municipal authorities the czar and czarina entered an open state carriage, escorted by the Scotch Grays, and drove to Balmoral.

As the imperial personages started on their drive the first bonfire was lighted on the mountain peak. Arrived at the entrance of the castle, grounds of Balmoral, the servants of the castle and the Ballater and Crathie volunteers led the procession of carriages with flaming torches. Three other bonfires on the adjoining peaks illumined the mountain side with a glare of light.

Balmoral castle was reached thus without any incident. The queen and Princess Beatrice received their imperial guests at the door of the castle, and the warmest greetings were exchanged, the bagpipes meantime sounding a shrill welcome and the torches carried by the servants being thrust high in the air, accompanied with loud cheering by all the attendants. Before the Russian party disappeared within doors the torchbearers marched past them in single file.

The party, on their arrival at Leith, were received with great eclat, a fleet of warships firing a salute. Detectives and police, with special Russian detectives, were at every turn. Every foot of the railway tracks, from Leith to Ballater, was guarded, and constant search of the nearby neighborhood was kept up prior to and during the trip of their majesties through this city.

THE GREAT KLAFSKY DEAD.

Famous German Prima Donna Dead—A Big Favorite In United States.

HAMBURG, Sept. 23.—Frau Katharine Klafsky-Lohse, the prima donna well known in the United States, is dead.

Klafsky has sung several seasons in this country, appearing in the leading



FRAU KLAFSKY.

roles in Wagnerian operas under the management of Walter Damrosch, the late James G. Blaine's son-in-law. She also sang at the National Saengerfest in Music hall, in Pittsburg, last June.

PALMER AND BUCKNER.

A Big Crowd Heard Them Make Speeches In New York.

NEW YORK, Sept. 23.—Fully 6,000 people attended the big ratification of gold Democrats in Madison Square Garden.

The meeting was called to order by Robert E. Windeman, chairman of the Syracuse convention's state committee, who introduced ex-Governor Flower as the presiding officer, who made a speech that was well received, as did W. D. Bynum of Indiana.

It was not until near the close of Mr. Bynum's speech that the candidates, General Palmer and General Buckner, came in and ascended the platform. The sight of the two grizzled veterans, remnants of the armies of the north and south, ascending the platform created the greatest enthusiasm and there was a hearty burst of applause that lasted for some minutes, the audience standing upon their feet. The band added to the tumult by playing alternately "America" and "Dixie."

General Palmer spoke first and was followed by General Buckner. Their speeches aroused great enthusiasm.

THACHER ASKED TO QUIT

John C. Sheehan and Other Tammany ites Get After Him.

NEW YORK, Sept. 23.—John C. Sheehan, leader of Tammany Hall and representing the 12 state committeemen in that organization, has just telegraphed John Boyd Thacher demanding his resignation from the head of the state Democratic ticket on the ground that his letter, issued last Sunday night, is a stultification of the platform adopted at Buffalo.

A dispatch from Albany says Thacher refuses to talk.

In event of his withdrawal the names mentioned to fill the vacancy are Wilbur F. Porter of Watertown and Elliot Danforth.

A ROW OVER SEEDS.

D. N. Ferry Wants the Agricultural Department Restrained.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 23.—D. N. Ferry & Co., the well known seed dealers of Detroit have applied to the district court for an injunction to restrain the secretary of agriculture and his assistants and any other person connected with the free distribution of seeds by the government from executing the law of congress directing free seed distribution.

The bill claims that the business of Ferry & Co. will be damaged $20,000 by the execution of the act of congress and the sale of 5,000,000 packages of seed taken from the firm.

Princess Kaiulani Accepts.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 23.—The steamer Doric brings news from Honolulu that Princess Kaiulani has accepted the appropriation made her by the last legislature, and has given a written promise to follow the suggestions of the Dole government.

Big Parade of Odd Fellows.

DALLAS, Tex., Sept. 23.—The second day's session of the sovereign grand lodge of Odd Fellows was opened with the biggest parade ever seen in Texas. It was over two miles long. The 5,000 Odd Fellows and Daughters of Rebekah who were in line in carriages, on floats or afoot were viewed by nearly 50,000 people along the line of march.

Rich Gift to a College.

CHICAGO, Sept. 23.—The University of Chicago has just received another endowment. Mrs. Julia Bradley of Peoria has bestowed all her immense fortune, estimated at more than $200,000, upon a school to be built in Peoria.

Married a Rich Chinaman.

CHICAGO, Sept. 23.—Sam Moy, Chicago's millionaire Chinese merchant, whose proper name is Moy Gaa Tan, has wedded at Hammond, Ind., Lilly May Helpler.

THE NEW PAPAL DELEGATE.

Archbishop Martinelli Talks In Dublin of His Mission.

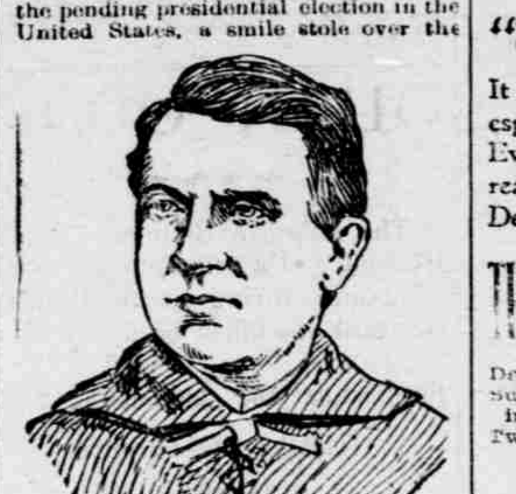
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DUBLIN, Sept. 23.—Archbishop Martinelli, the newly-appointed apostolic delegate from the holy see to the United States, is here on his way to his new post of duty. He talked quite frankly of his mission and something of his plans.

"I am unable to say," said Archbishop Martinelli, "as to the length of my stay in the United States. I go as any other delegate would go, and no opinion of any kind can be formed by a delegate, except in the case of a temporary and express mission. I am to be there at the disposal of the holy father. There is no fixed term of office for a delegate. I shall make Washington my headquarters while on my mission."

He added in reply to a query: "I do not bring any instructions from the pope on the labor question. The world already knows the pope's views on that subject."

Upon your representative mentioning the pending presidential election in the United States, a smile stole over the



FATHER MARTINELLI.

features of the delegate and he replied "I am aware of the deep interest in that subject. But a delegate has only to do with ecclesiastical affairs. The holy see cannot interfere in that.

"I was in the United States for some three months in 1893, visiting the American province of our order. I was very much pleased, when there, at the liberty and good will of the people. I enjoyed every horse car and train and public place I was in, and from every body I got the greatest signs and proofs of esteem—more than in Catholic countries."

A BIG BATTLE EXPECTED.

British and Dervishes Ready For a Decisive Engagement.

MIOWARAT, on the Nile, Sept. 23.—It would appear from the reports of the scouts who have been following the trail of the Dervish force which retreated from El Hafir that an important and decisive battle for this stage of the campaign will be fought some time to day.

The Anglo-Egyptian expeditition is now encamped here ready to move upon the positions occupied by the enemy. Motwarat is situated about five miles from Dongola, and, unless the unexpected happens, the strength of the Dervishes in the Dongola district will be thoroughly overthrown.

Spies in the employ of the intelligence department who have returned from the camp of the emir of Dongola report that Wad Bishara has decided to resist the Anglo-Egyptian advance to the utmost and has threatened with death any of his followers who retreat.

The report that Dongola had been reoccupied by the Dervishes is incorrect.

The abouklea returned to Dongola upon the instruction of Sir Herbert Kitchener and commenced bombarding the forts and earthworks. Fire was kept up on them until the former were dismantled and the earthworks were rendered comparitively useless. Therefore, even should the Dervishes succeed in re-occupying the place, they will find very little to protect them against the fire of the Anglo-Egyptian forces.

NOT HYPNOTIZED AT ALL.

The Lexington (Ky.) Wonder Exposed by a Subject.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Sept. 23.—Edwin H. Boone, who has created a sensation by burying alive subjects he alleges to have hypnotized, has been exposed here by Orlie Jones, one of the subjects. Boone buried John L. Douglass in a grave here for two days and gave a performance at the Opera House attended by hundreds of skeptics of hypnotism.

Jones, among others, was alleged to have been hypnotized, but Jones before an audience has declared that he only feigned to be hypnotized. He went through the same tricks done by Boone, increasing and decreasing his pulse beat and sticking needles through portions of his face and hands. He says he carried food to Boone to give to Douglass in the grave while the latter was supposed to be resting under a hypnotic spell.

THE MARKETS.

PITTSBURG, Sept. 22.

WHEAT—No. 1 old red, 68@69c; No. 2 red, 67@68c.

CORN—No. 2 yellow, ear, 29@30c; No. 2 shelled, 26½@27c; high mixed shelled, 25½@26c; mixed ear, 25@26c.

OATS—No. 1 white, 25@25½c; No. 2 do, 24½@25c; extra No. 3 white, 21@24½c; light mixed, 21@22c.

HAY—No. 1 timothy, $11.25@11.50; No. 2, $9.00@10.00; packing, $6.50@7.00; No. 1 feeding prairie, $7.25@7.75; wagon hay, $14.00@15.00 for timothy.

BUTTER—Elgin prints, 18@19c; do creamery, 17@18c; Ohio fancy creamery, 14@15c; fancy country roll, 13@14c; low grade and cooking, 8@9c.

CHEESE—Fancy New York full cream, 9@9¼c; new Ohios, full cream, 7¾@7¼c; Wisconsin Swiss, in tubs, 11@11½c; limburger, new, 7¼@8c; Ohio Swiss, in tubs, 11c; Swiss, in square blocks, 11@11½c.

EGGS—Strictly fresh Pennsylvania and Ohio, in cases, 15@16c; seconds, 13@14c.

POULTRY—Large live chickens, 70@75c per pair; live chickens, small, 50@55c; spring chickens, 20@40c per pair; dressed chickens, 12@13c per pound; dressed spring chickens, 12½@13½c; live ducks, 60@80c per pair.

PITTSBURG, Sept. 22.

CATTLE—The receipts on Monday were 96 cars. Market ruled slow at a decline of 10 cents. Receipts today light; market steady on all but the best grades of steers. We quote following prices: Prime, $4.40@4.60; good, $4.10@4.30; tidy, $3.80@4.00; good butchers, $3.60@3.90; fair, $3.40@3.70; common, $3.00@3.40; bulls, stags and cows, $2.00@3.50; bologna cows, $5.00@15.00; fresh cows and springers, $15.00@40.00.

HOGS—Receipts on Monday fair; market active. Today supply light; market strong at yesterday's prices. We quote prices as follows: Prime assorted medium weights, $3.55@3.65; best Yorkers, $3.45@3.50; common to fair Yorkers, $3.35@3.40; heavy, $3.20@3.30; pigs, as to quality, $2.50@3.25; roughs, $2.25@3.00.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Receipts on Monday fair; 15 cars on sale. Market steady on sheep; firm on lambs. Receipts today light; market steady. We quote: Prime, $3.50@3.60; good, $3.30@3.50; fair, $2.70@3.15; common, $1.75@2.25; culls, 50c@$1.00. Lambs—Choice, $4.25@4.60; common to good, $2.75@4.00; veal calves, $6.00@6.50; heavy and thin calves, $3.00@3.50.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 22.

HOGS—Market active and strong at $2.50@3.65. Receipts, 1,700 head; shipments, 1,700 head.

CATTLE—Market easy at $2.25@4.25. Receipts, 1,000 head; shipments, 1,000 head.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market active and strong at $1.50@3.25. Receipts, 1,000 head; shipments, 200 head. Lambs—Market active and strong at $2.75@4.25.

NEW YORK, Sept. 22.

WHEAT—Spot market irregular; No. 1 hard, 71c.

CORN—Spot market firm: No. 2, 26½c.

OATS—Spot market firmer: No. 2 20¾c.

CATTLE—No trading. European cables quote American steers at 10@10¾c per pound dressed weight; sheep, 8½@9½c per pound dressed weight; refrigerator beef, 8½@9½c per pound.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market active. Sheep, $2.00@3.65; lambs, $5.00@5.75.

HOGS—Market firm at $3.50@4.00.

Are You Afraid ?

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